

Amesim液压系统在军工行业高级应用

邓博文 西门子工业软件 系统仿真高级顾问

Agenda:

系统仿真概述
军工行业的应用概述
军工行业-液压应用
液压高级应用
总结

Simcenter system simulation solutions

Solution landscape

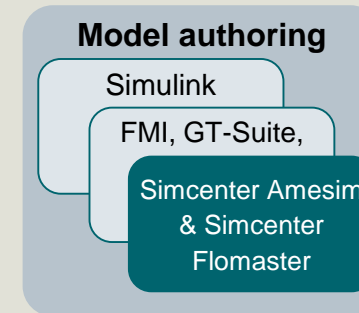
Persona's

System simulation model authors

- System simulation **model authoring**
- **General purpose mechatronic system simulation and thermo-fluid** platforms

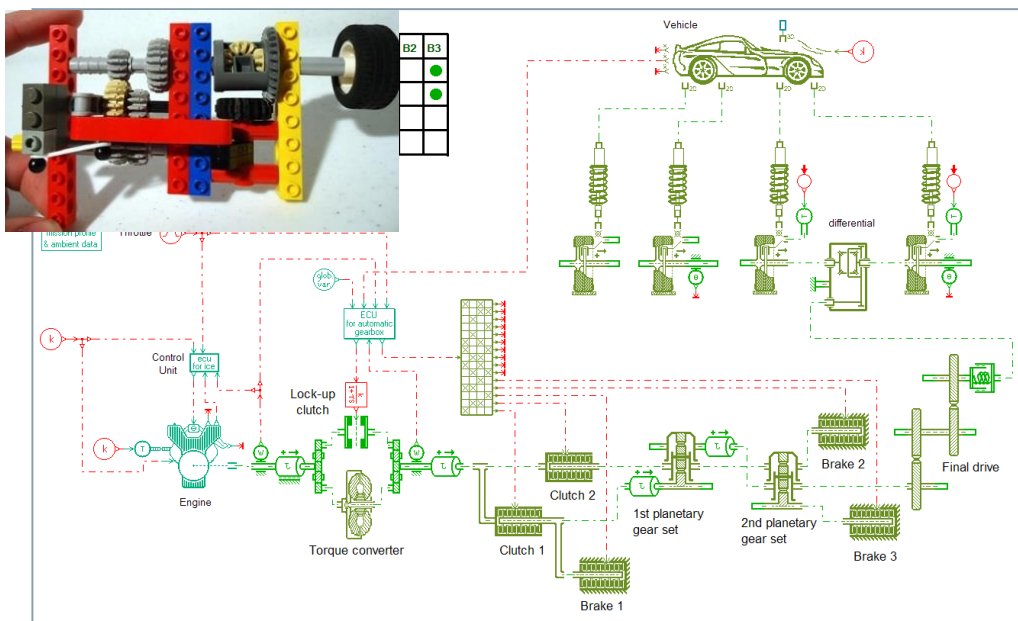
Taxonomy

Simcenter System Simulation

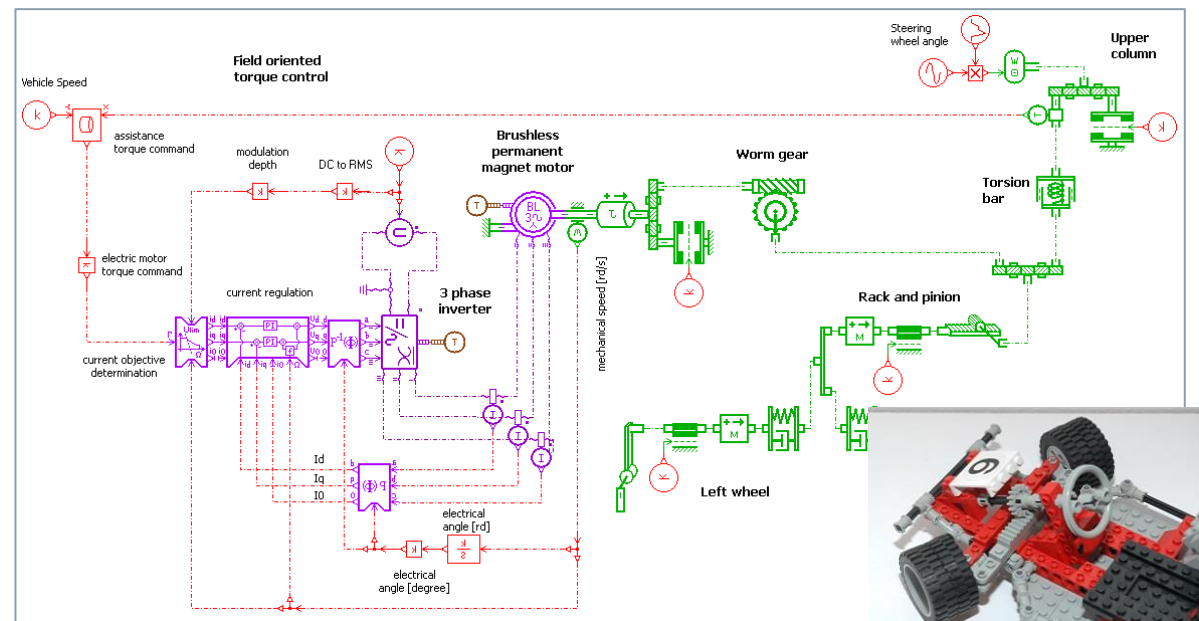


Modeling?

- Amesim as a **multi-domain tool** with compatible libraries:
 - 机械: common mechanical models
 - 传动: advanced mechanical systems acting in powertrain
 - 电子电气: electrical basic components
 - 电机: elements of rotary motors
 - 液压: elements for hydraulic circuits
 - 汽车、航空: elements to build emission and fuel economy models



变速器

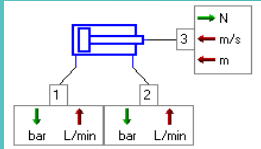
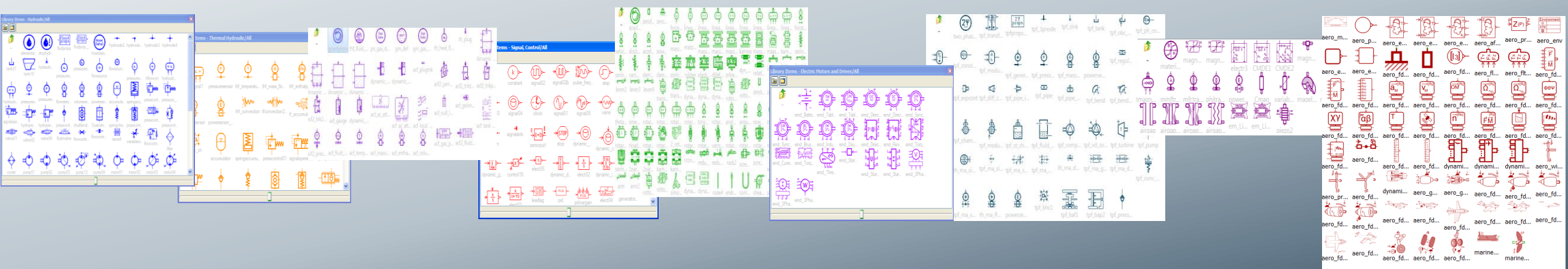


电控单元

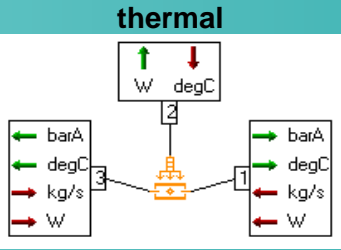
“Model” for Systems Performance Engineering



50+ 专业库, 5000+物理模型, 机电液热控专



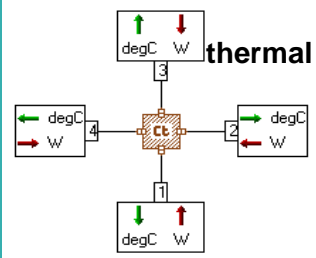
hydraulic



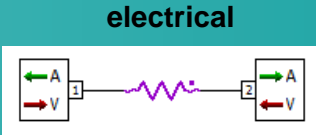
thermal

linear
mechanical

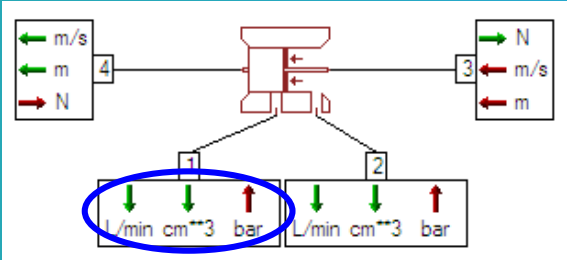
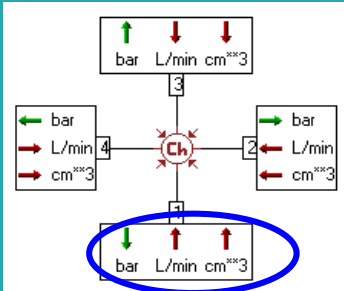
thermal
hydraulic



thermal

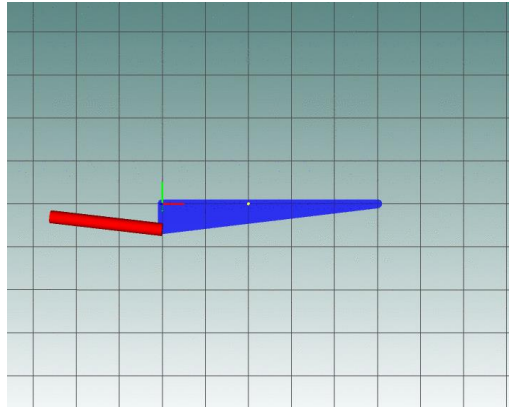
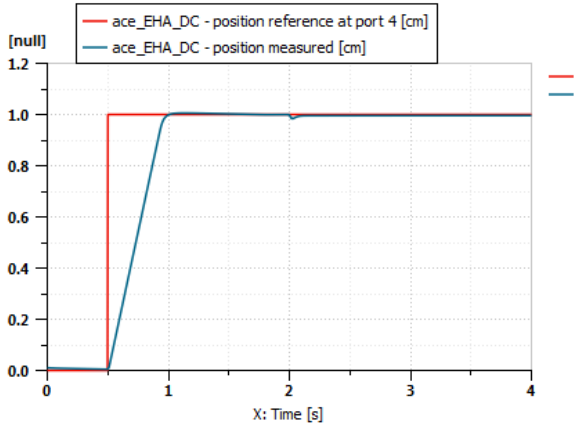
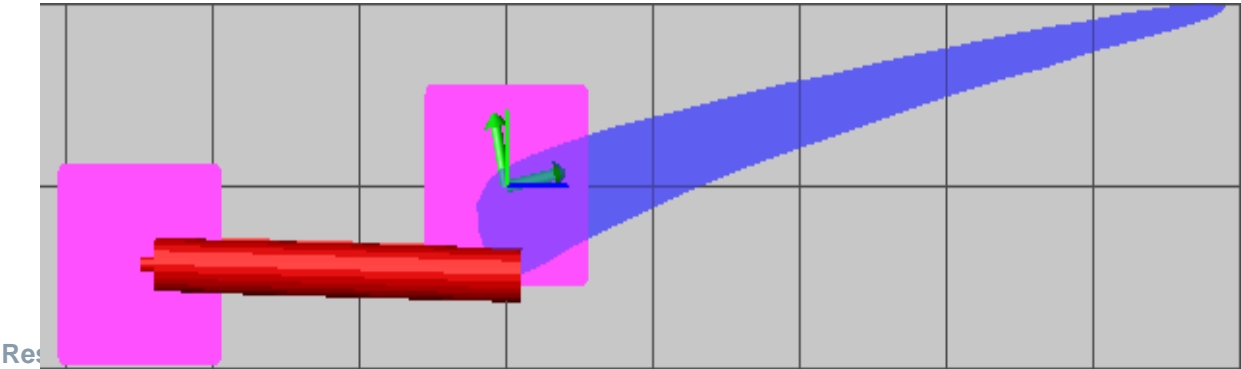
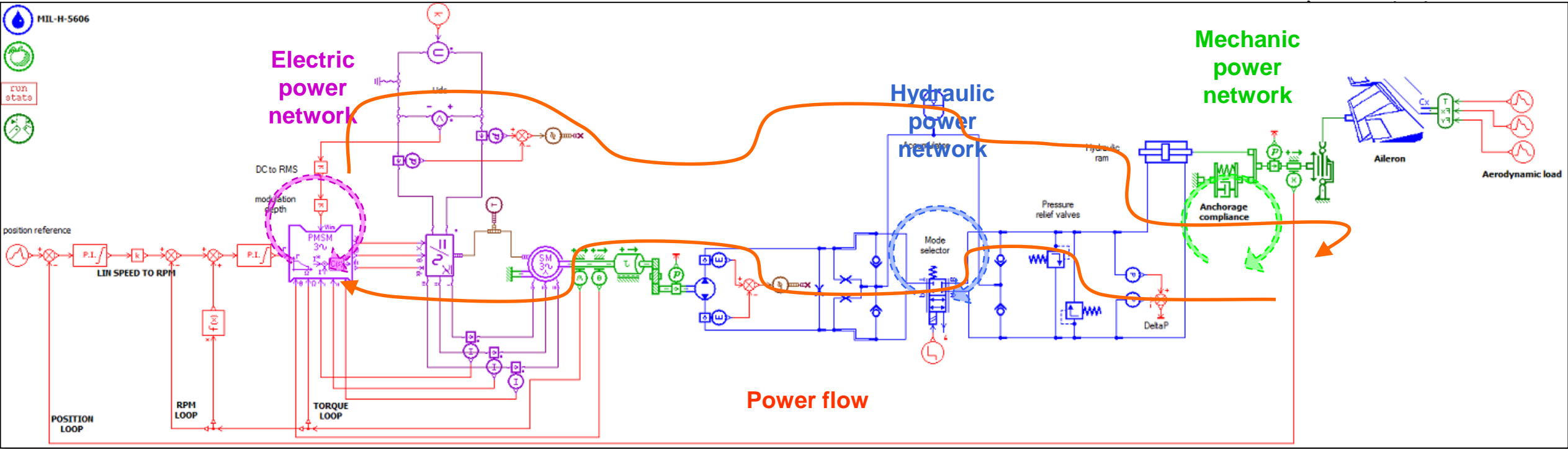


electrical



位置伺服控制系统

SIEMENS



Simcenter system simulation solutions

Solution landscape

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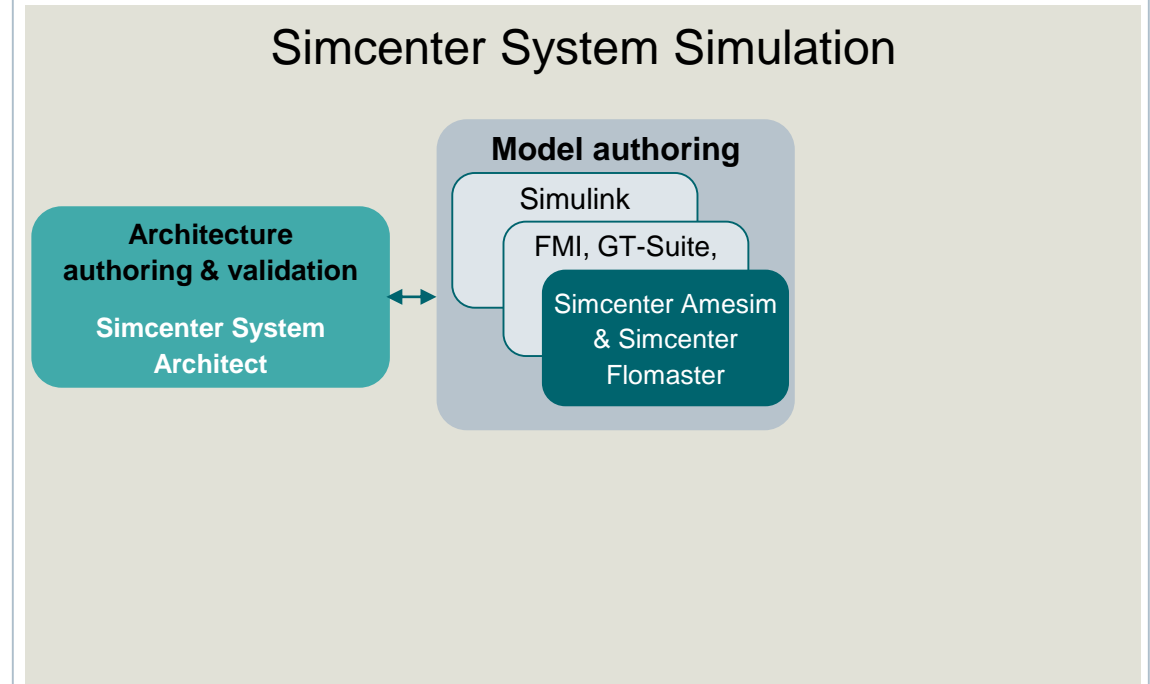
System simulation model authors

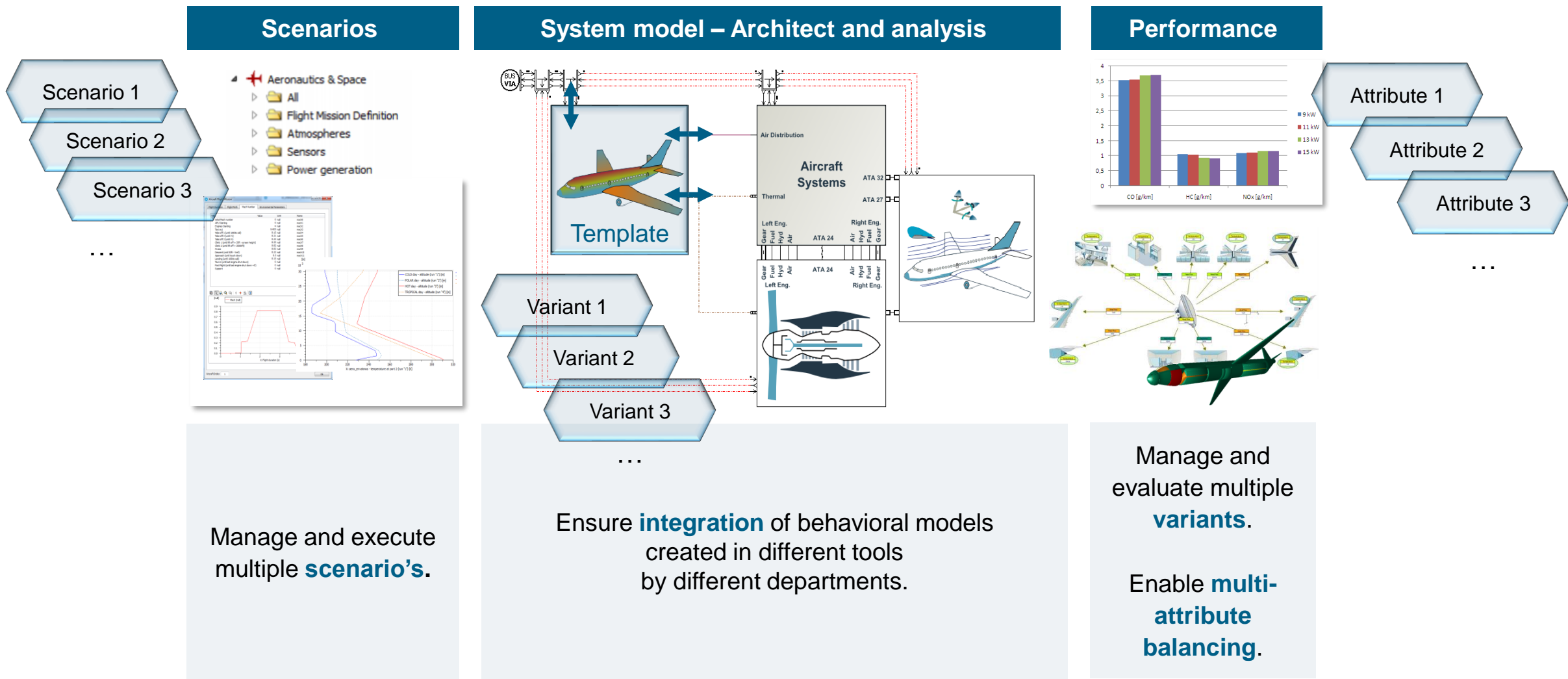
- System simulation **model authoring**
- **General purpose mechatronic system simulation and thermo-fluid** platforms

System simulation architects

- System simulation **architecture authoring**
- **Architecture validation** by assembly, execution & post-processing of system simulation models from multiple authoring environments
- Typically **few architectures** created p. company

Taxonomy





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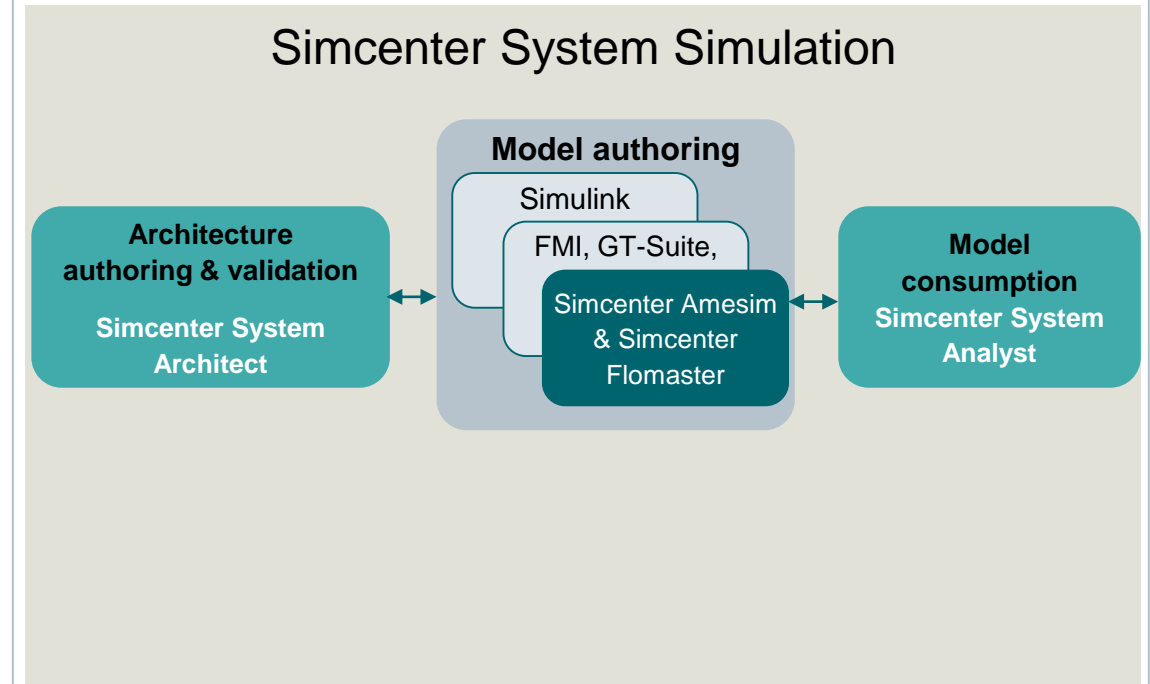
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System simulation consumers

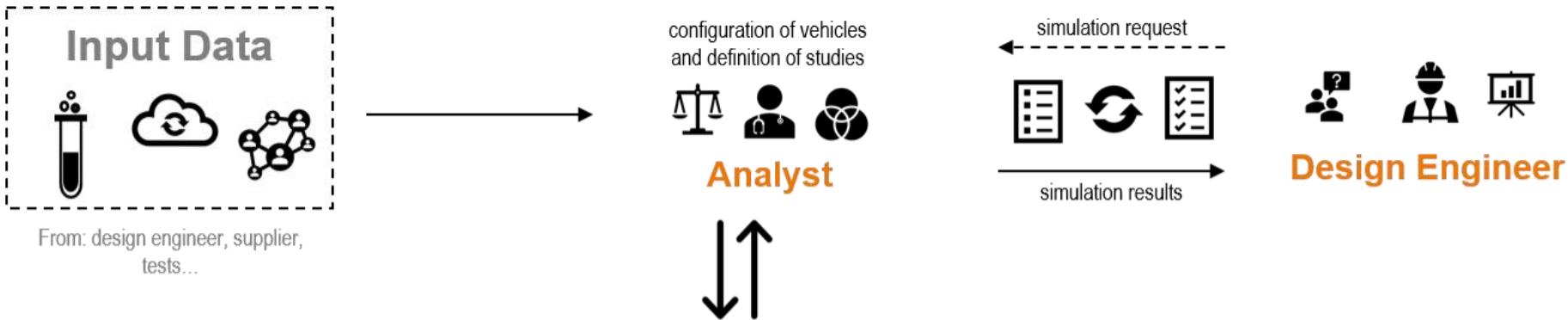
- **“Consumption”** of created architectures and models for high volume/variants/... verification & validation
- **Easy-to-use, high-productivity**, extended with dedicated to specific industry capabilities (f.i. terminology, post-processing, etc.)
- **Many (non-expert) users**

Taxonomy

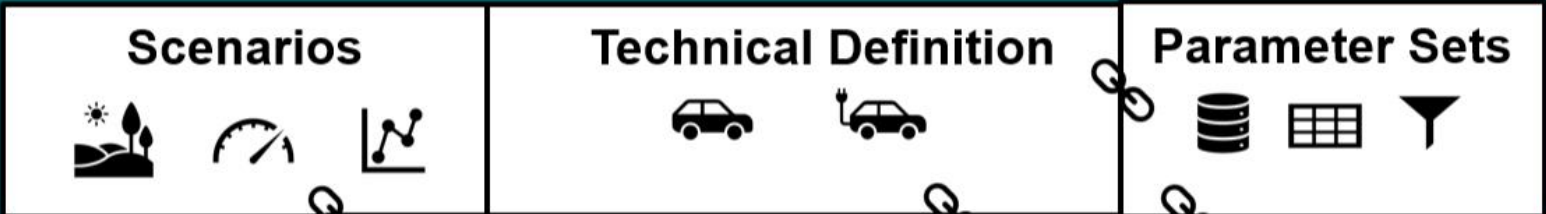


Model complexity hidden to the Analyst

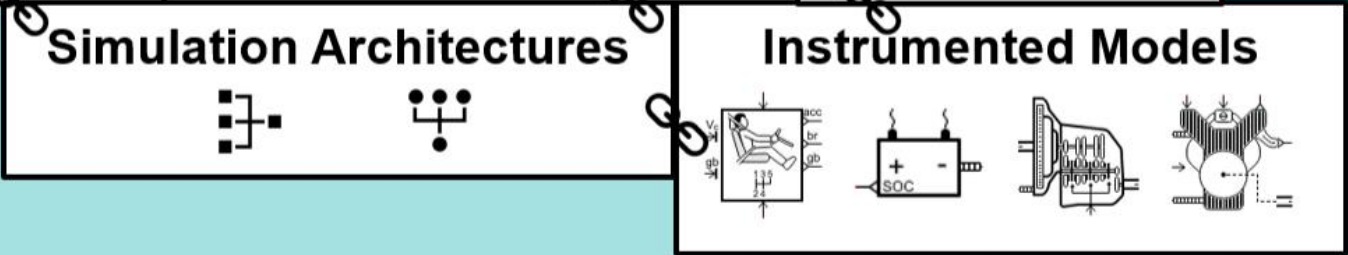
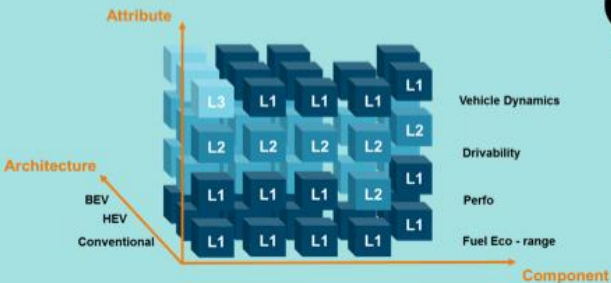
no CAE skills, directly assembling and configuring simulation models
evaluate hundreds of system variations and select appropriate parameters and components



System Analyst Front End



Model Complexity



Model Builder



Administrator



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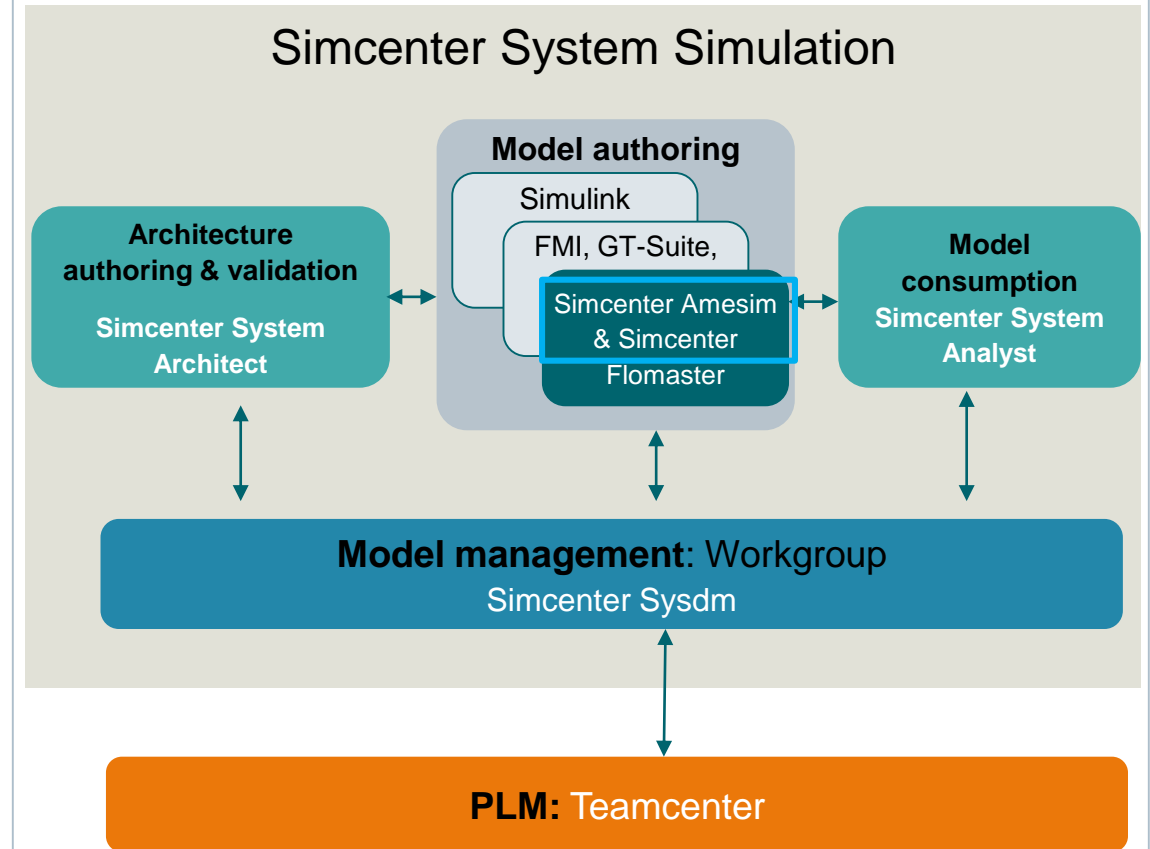
System simulation consumers

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System simulation model management supporting all above persona's

- **Workgroup model management with a connection to PLM**

Taxonomy



Agenda:

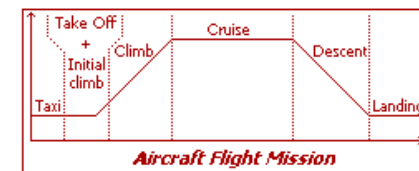
系统仿真概述
军工行业的应用概述
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总结

航空行业

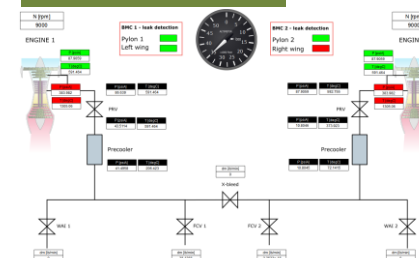
- 统一的仿真体系管理思路，实现子系统/系统/整机级的耦合仿真。
- 通过各种飞行工况、控件及仪表的定义，开展虚拟试验，减少实物试验。
- 虚拟集成飞机包含机械、电气、液压、气动、热和控制等，实现多学科和多物理的融合。



飞行工况



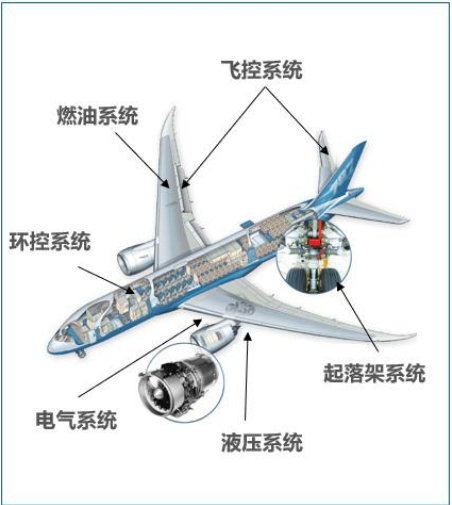
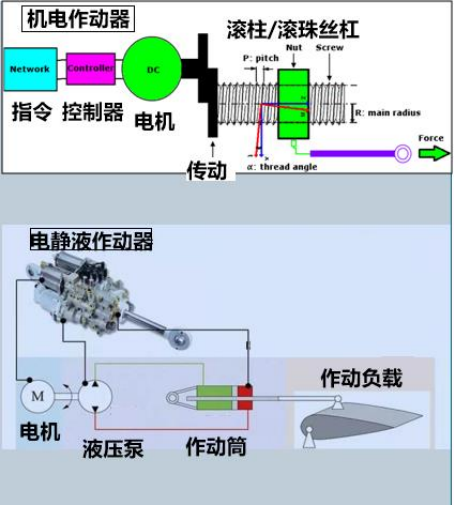
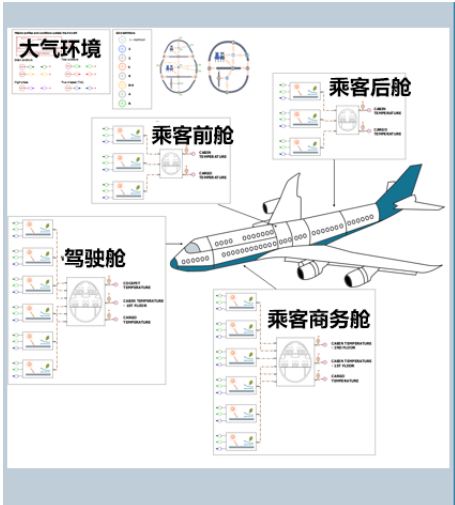
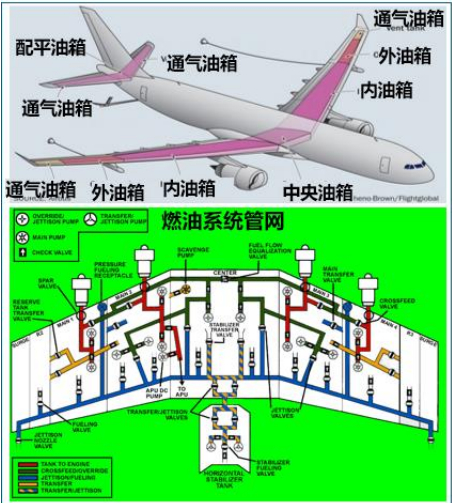
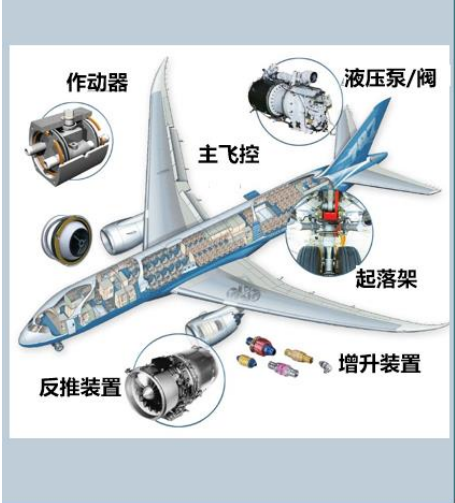
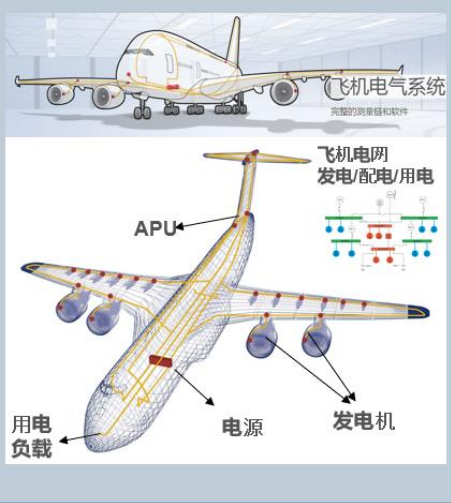
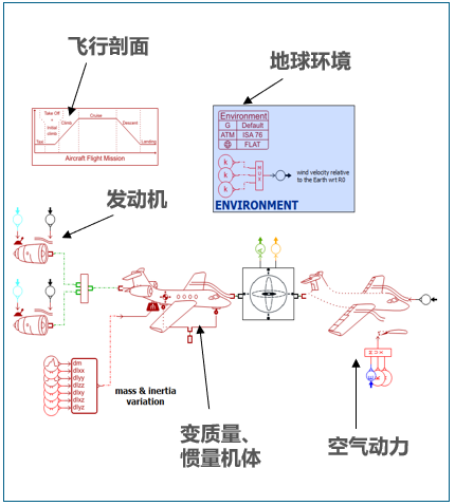
控件及仪表



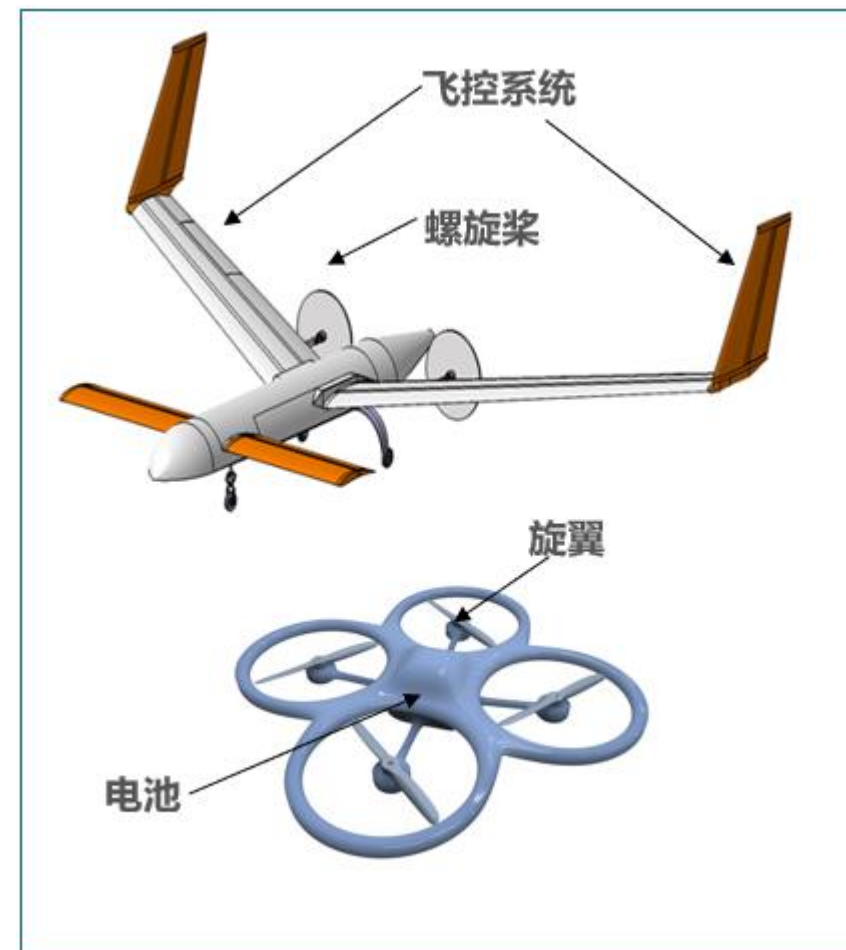
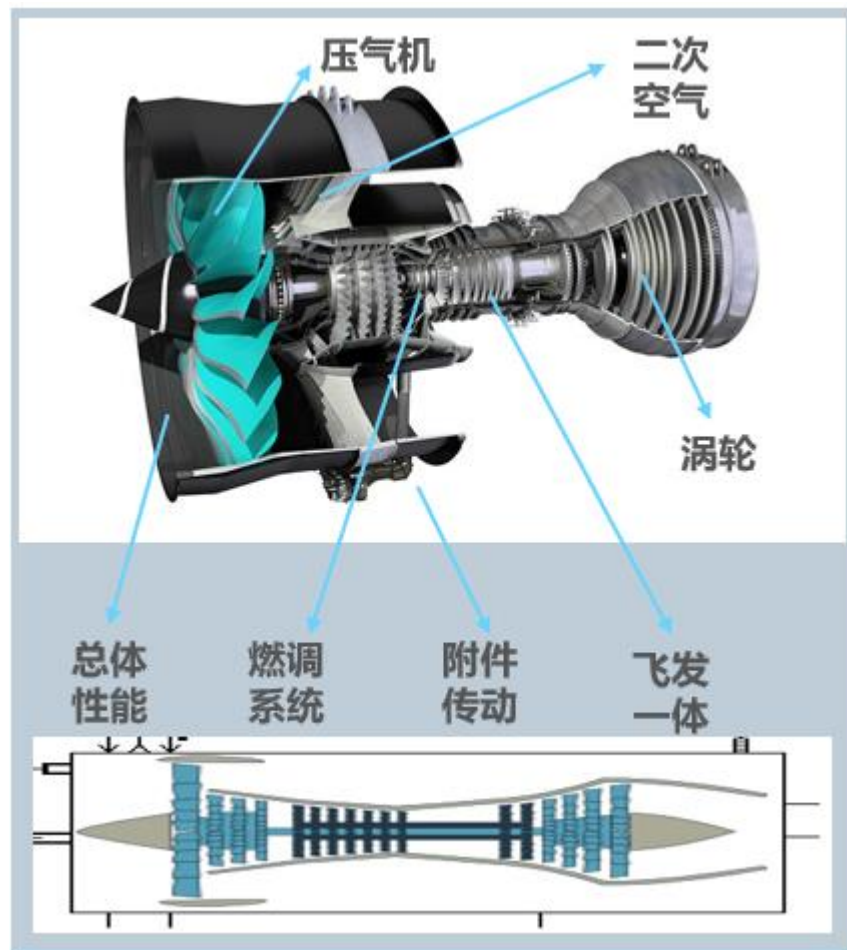
3D显示等处理

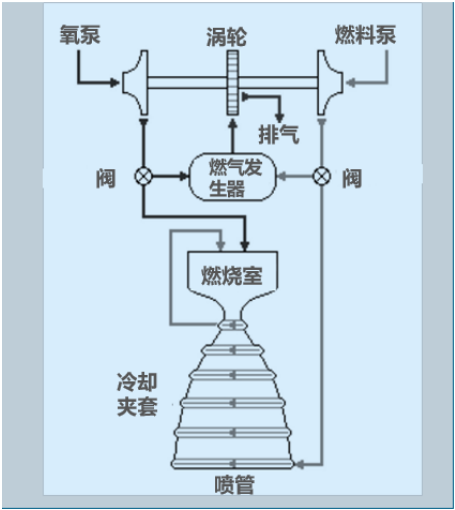
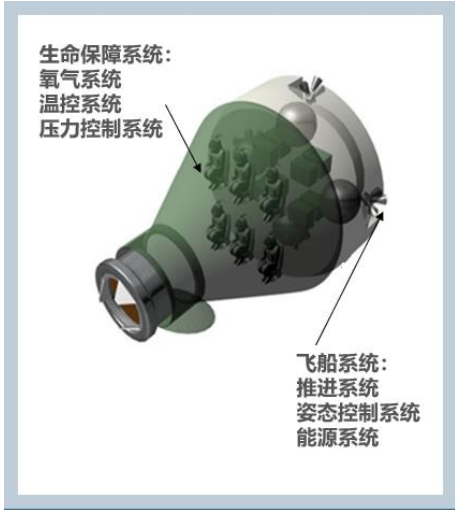
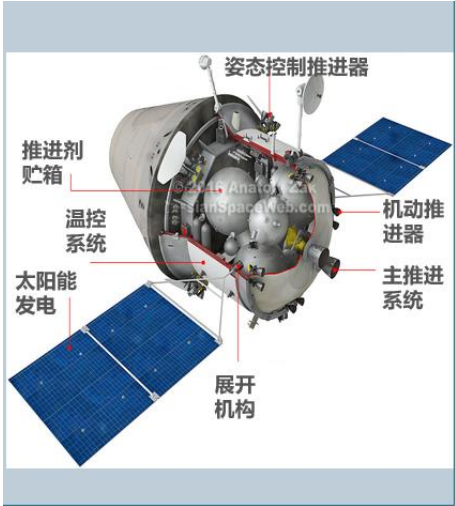
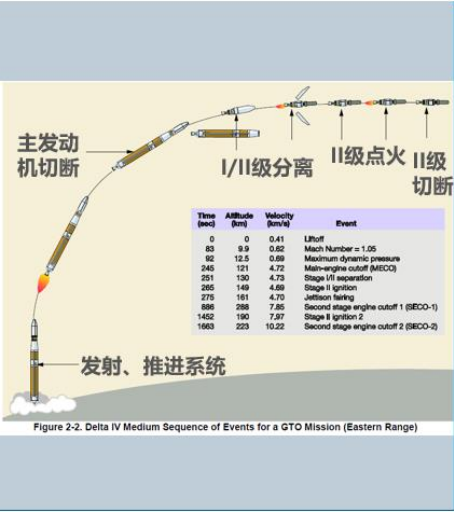


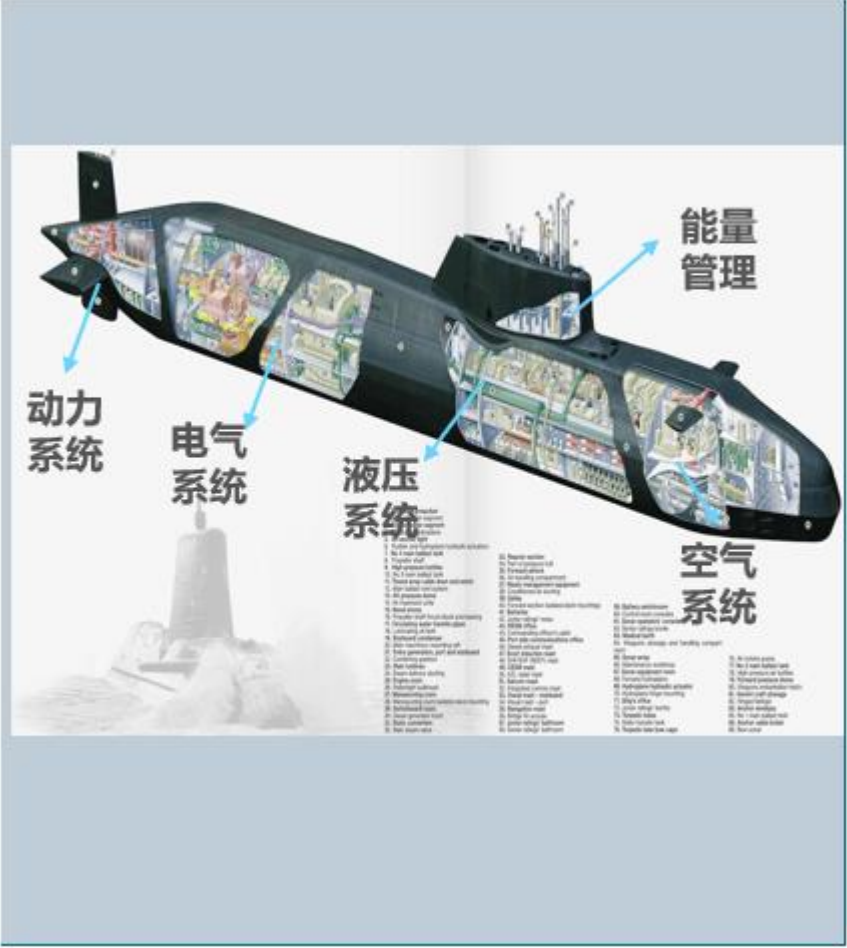
航空行业



SIEMENS
Ingenuity for life





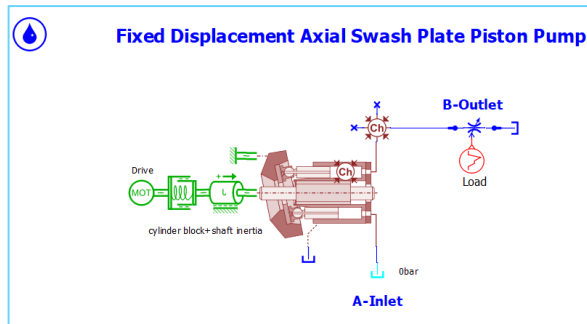


Agenda:

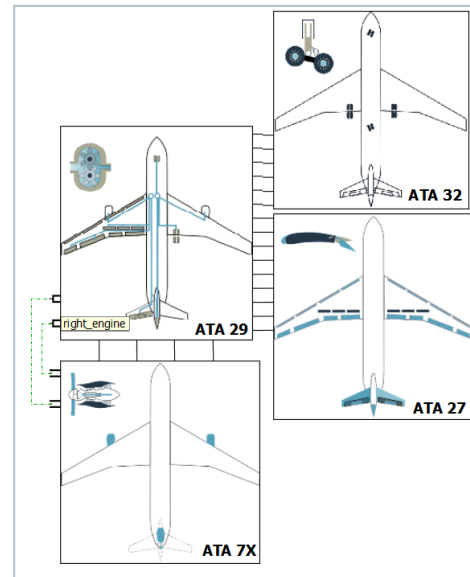
系统仿真概述
军工行业的应用概述
军工行业-液压应用
液压高级应用
总结

1. Predictive modeling of aircraft hydraulic & electrical systems for “What-if analysis”

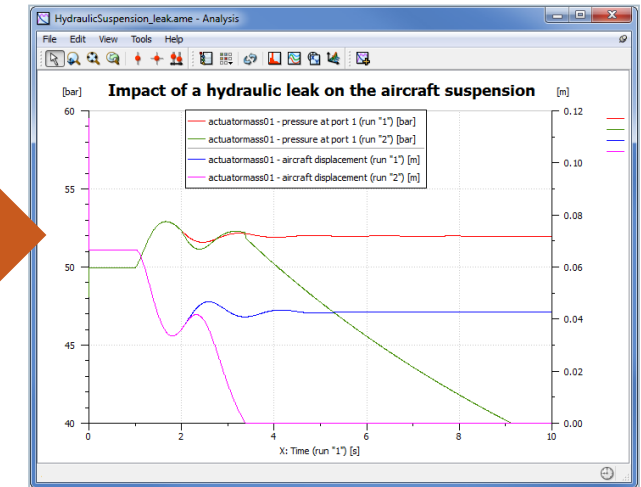
Hydraulic power system



Simcenter Amesim model

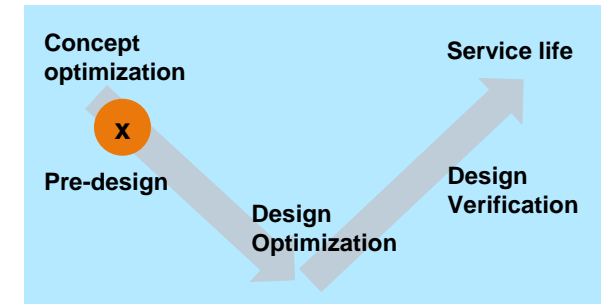


Virtual test bench



Value-adding outcome

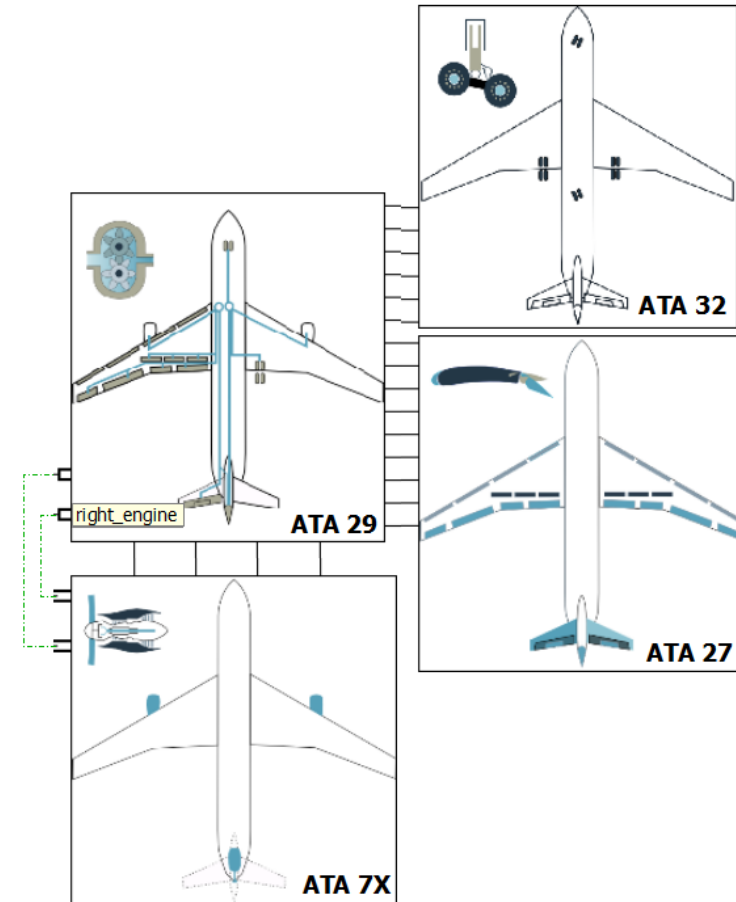
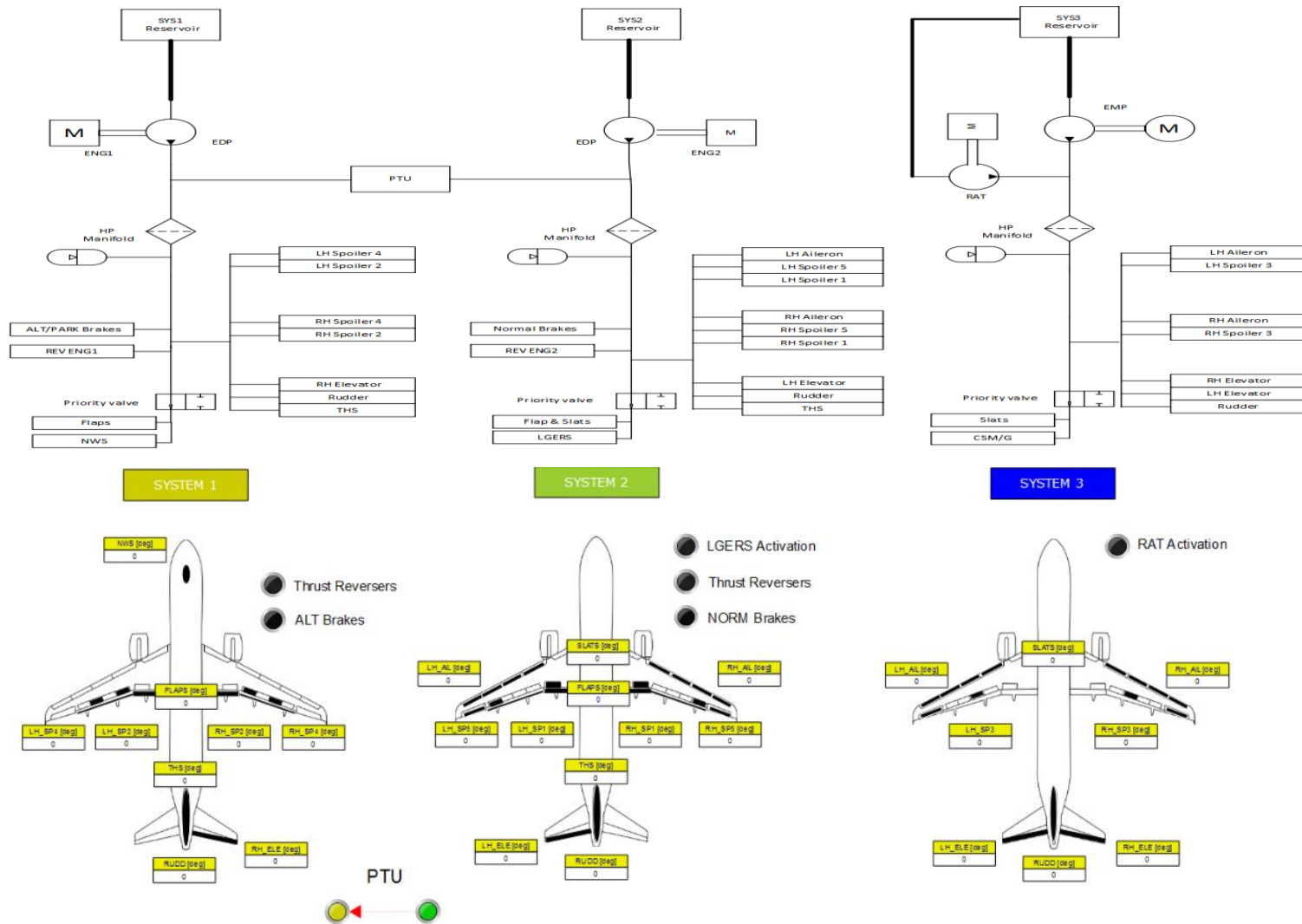
- Ability to answer OEM request → **credibility gain**
- Tool for strategic **design orientation** → more efficient research process



perform a high level power analysis

assess the flow balance between the hydraulic power generators and consumers and the pressure available.

SIEMENS
Ingenuity for life



L. Wang – INSA Toulouse – France – [thesis]

Force fighting for active/active redundant actuation system

2012

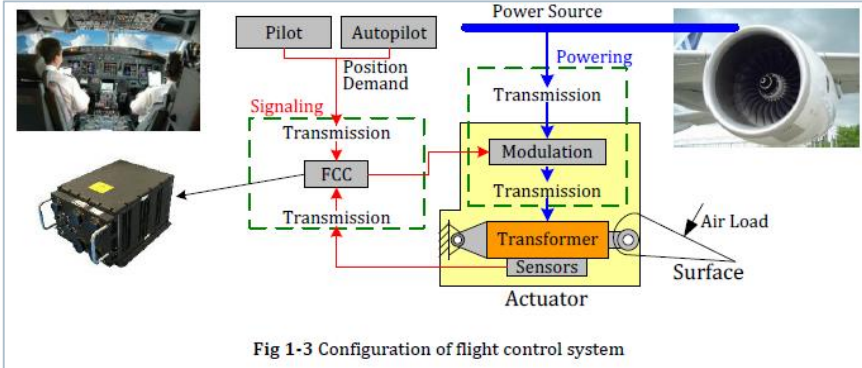
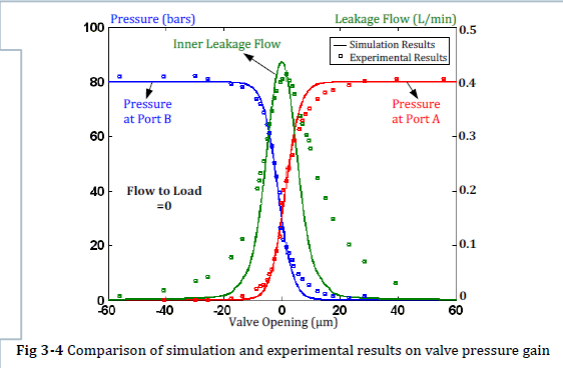
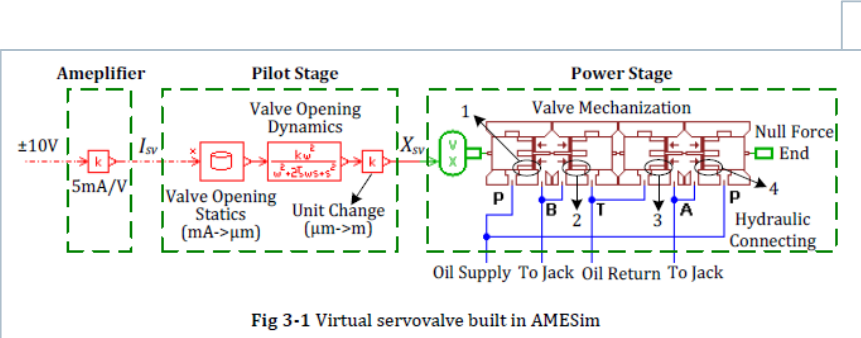
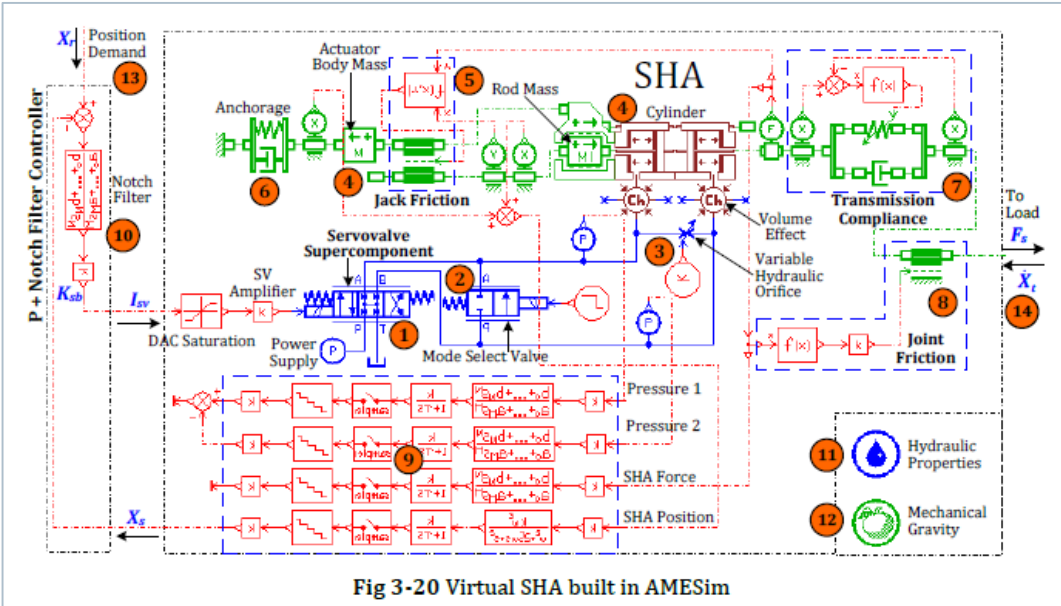
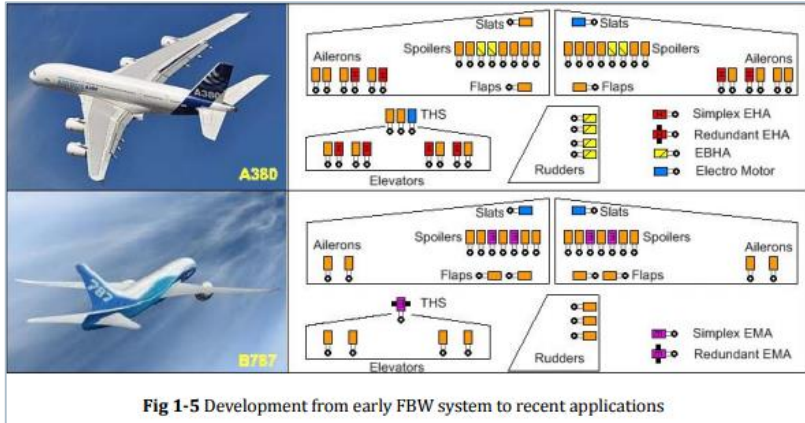
Présentée et soutenue par :

LJIAN WANG

Le mardi 18 décembre 2012

Titre :

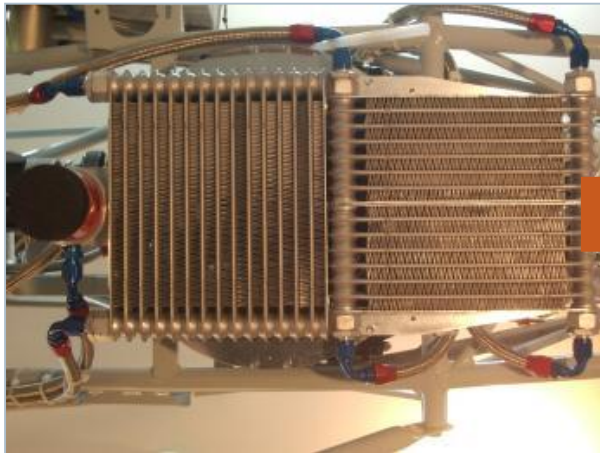
Force Equalization for Active/Active Redundant Actuation System Involving Servo-hydraulic and Electro-mechanical Technologies



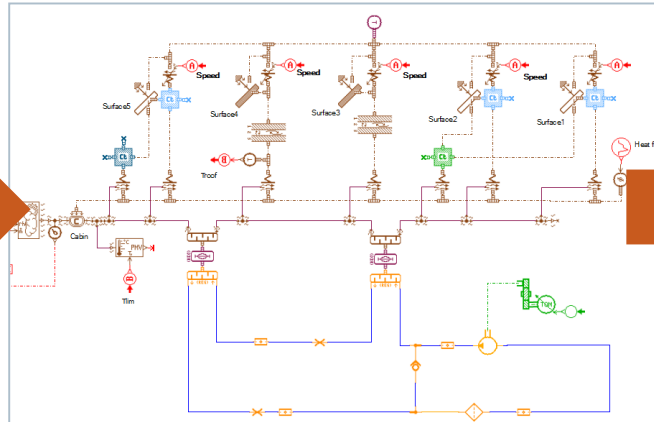
Helicopter cooling

2. Thermal and fluid design up to industry standards

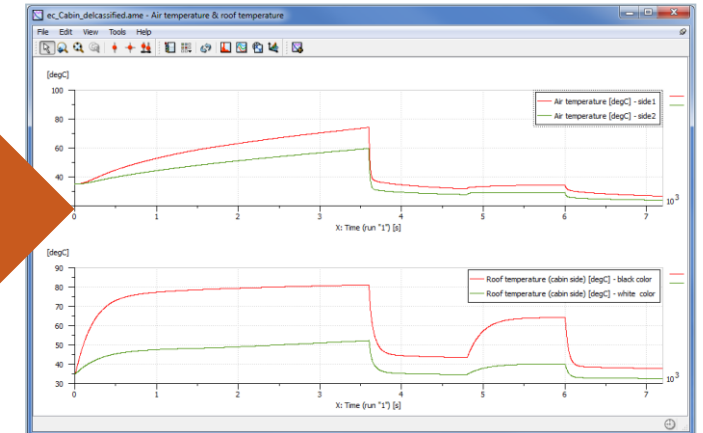
Cooling system



Simcenter Amesim model

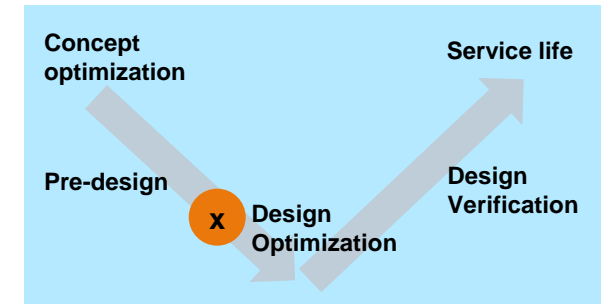


Analysis of gearbox and engine cooling



Value-adding outcome

- Controlled & validated process for cooling design:
 - More **robust** cooling systems
 - Better **managed design** cycle times

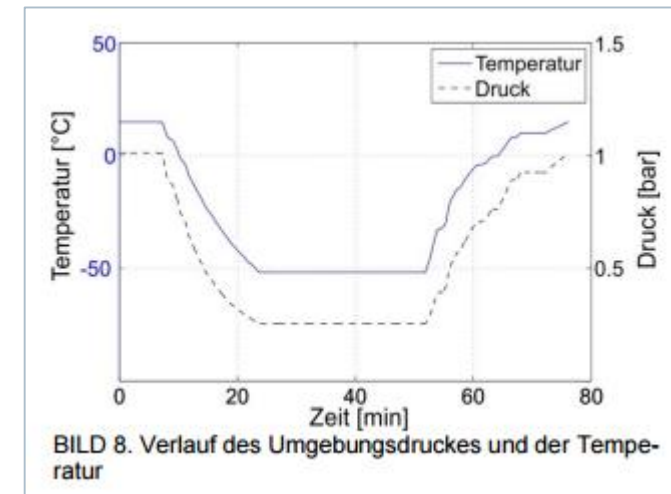
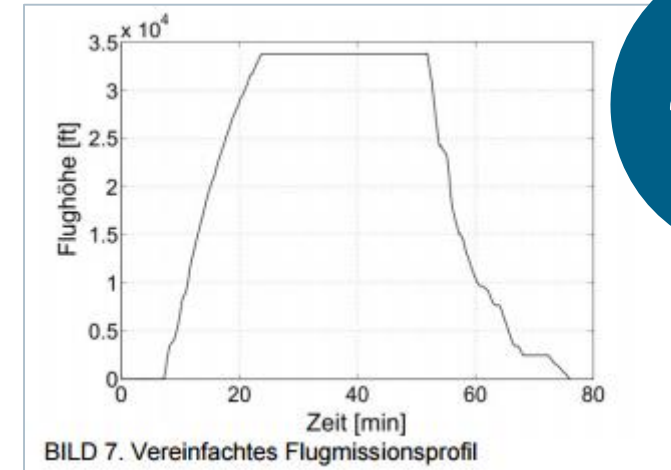
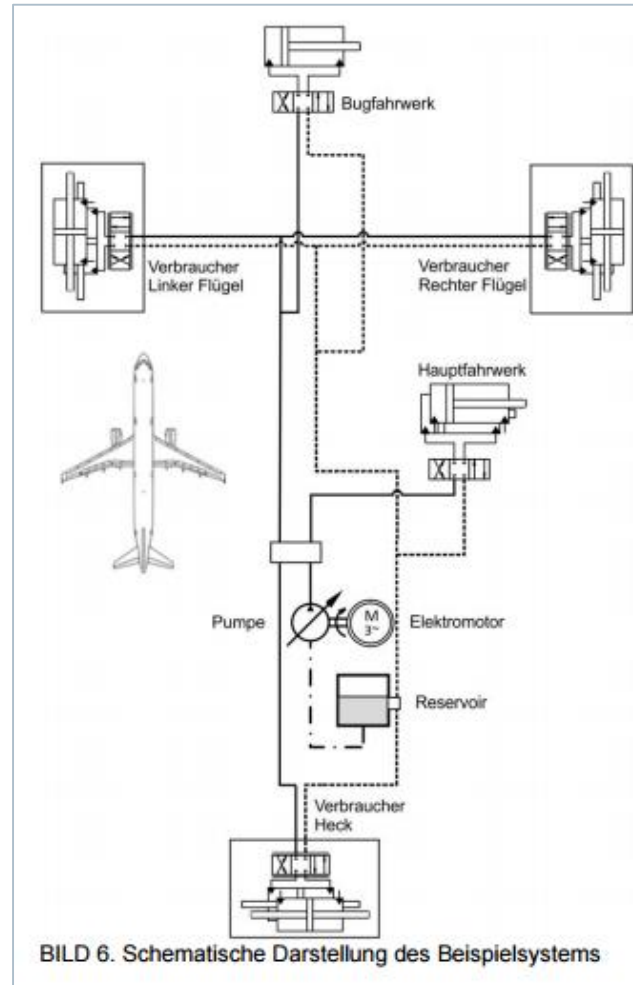
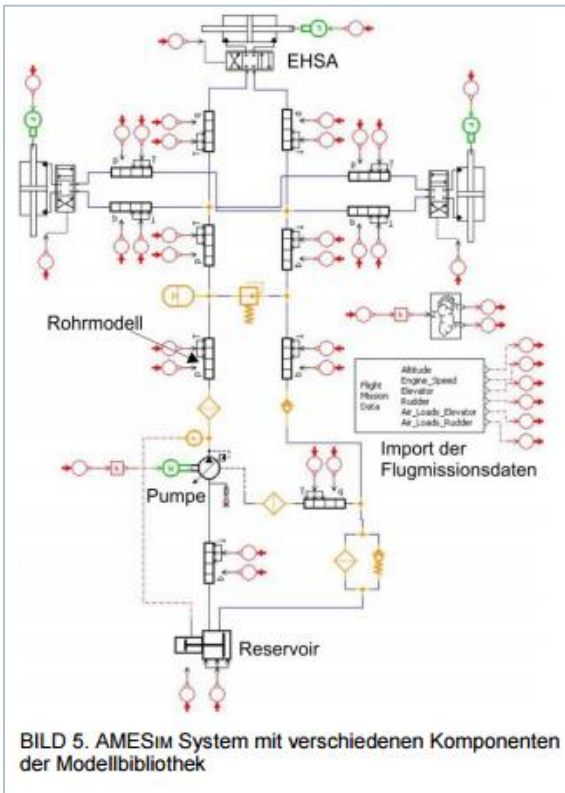


T. Rave and al. – Hamburg-Harburg TU – Germany – [paper]

Integrated thermal-dynamic analysis of airplane hydraulic systems

INTEGRIERTE THERMISCH-DYNAMISCHE ANALYSE VON FLUGZEUG-HYDRAULIKSYSTEMEN

T. Rave, C. Dunker, F. Thielecke
Technische Universität Hamburg-Harburg, Institut für Flugzeug-Systemtechnik
Neßpiel 5, 21129 Hamburg, Deutschland

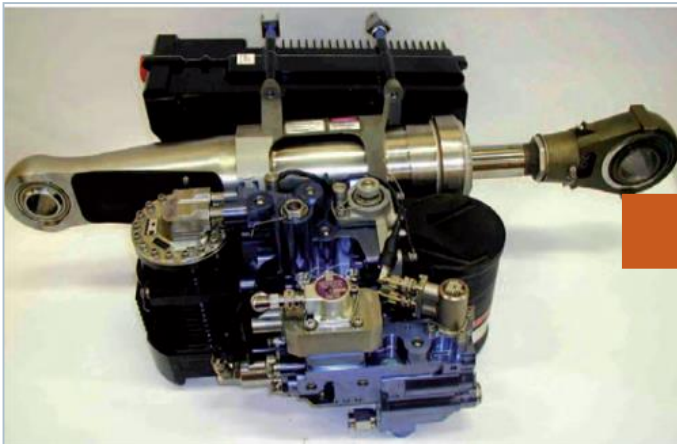


2013

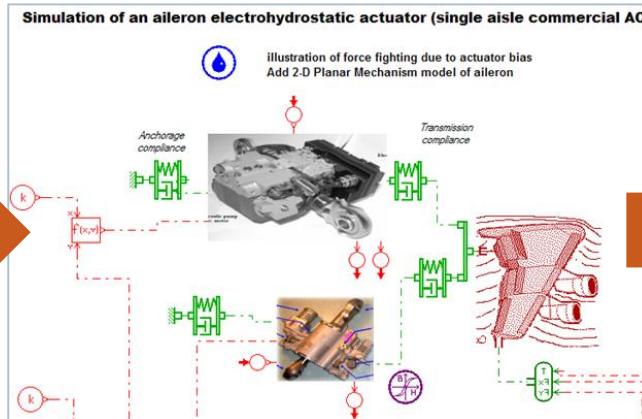
Surface transient actuation

3. Dynamic response characterization for the hydro-mechanical control

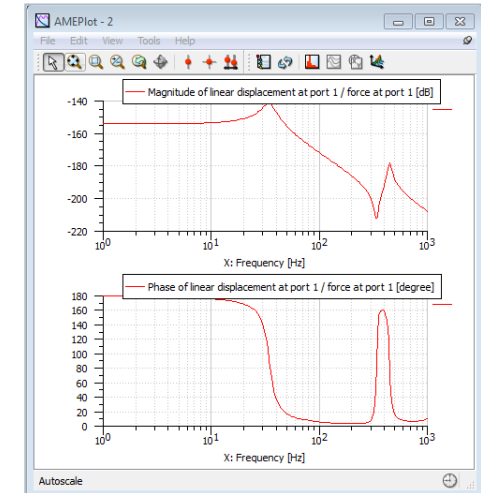
Hardware with undesired frequency modes



Simcenter Amesim model

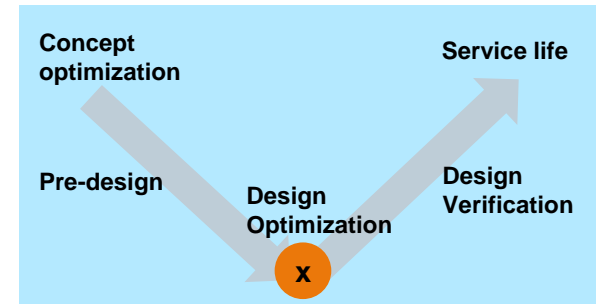


Frequency behavior analysis



Value-adding outcome

- Predictive modeling for surface **transient behavior** analysis
- Identification of the in-service undesired couplings → **safer** and more **reliable** (re)-design



A. Heininen - Tampere University – Finland – [master thesis]

Aircraft main landing gear shock absorber

2015

ARTTU HEININEN
MODELLING AND SIMULATION OF AN AIRCRAFT MAIN LANDING GEAR SHOCK ABSORBER
Master of Science Thesis

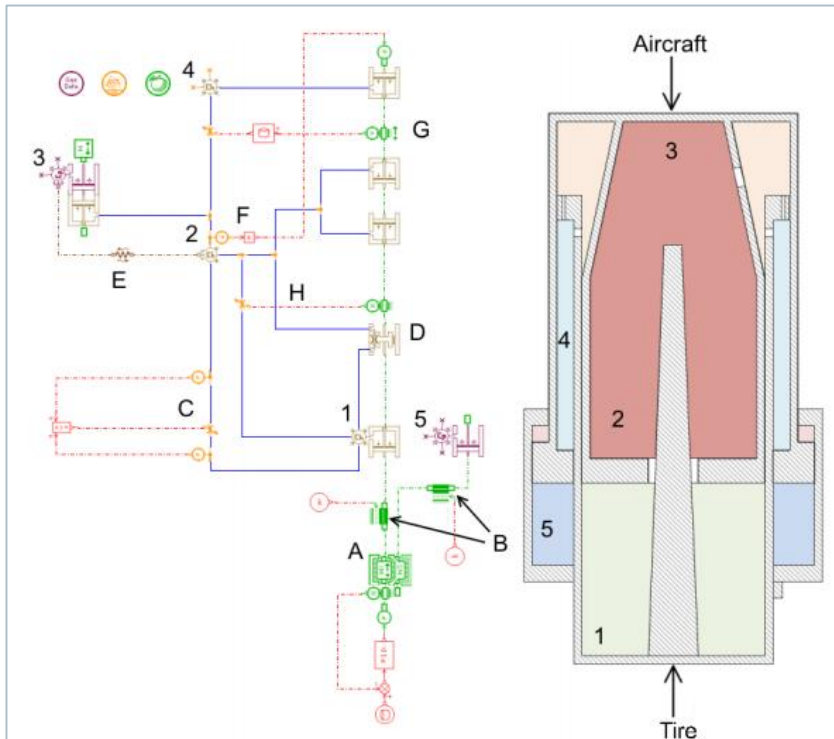


Figure 3.6. The block diagram of the oleo-pneumatic shock absorber.

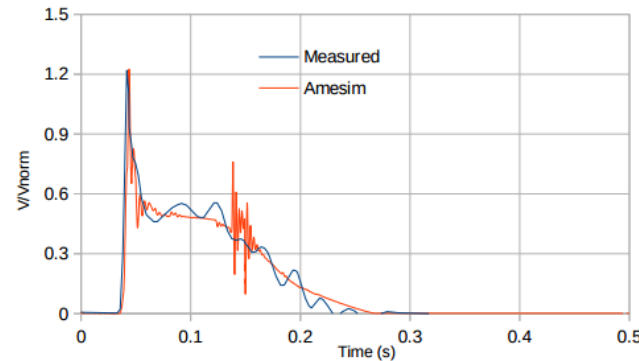


Figure 4.6. The compression velocity during the dynamic test.

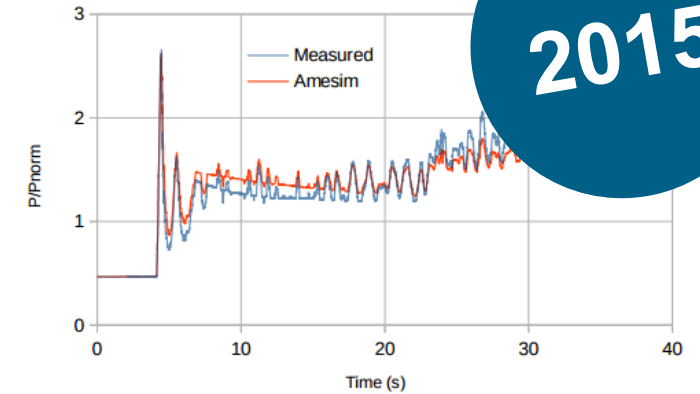


Figure 4.9. Normalised pressure inside the orifice support during landing.

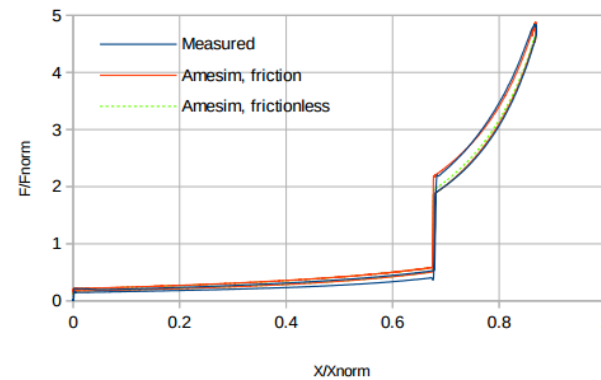


Figure 4.3. A normalised force-displacement curve of a normally serviced shock absorber.

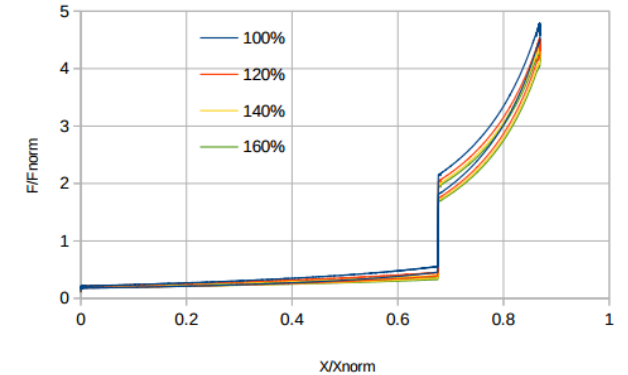


Figure 5.1. Force-displacement curves of the static case simulation with varying nitrogen volume.

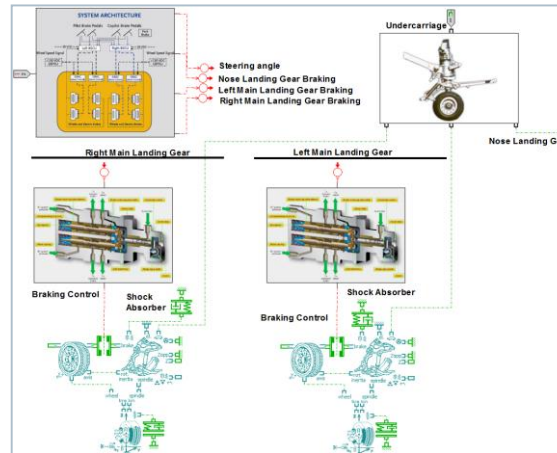
Real-time brake testing

4. Real-time export of the high-fidelity model and accuracy verification

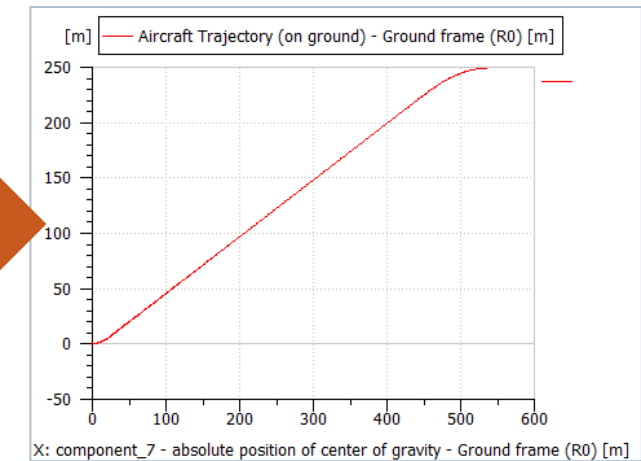
Braking testing



Simcenter Amesim model

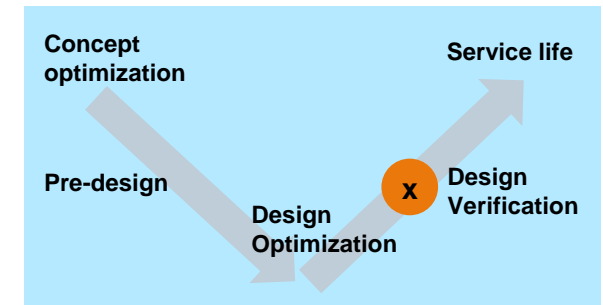


Subsystem validation



Value-adding outcome

- Fewer tests, better initial performance → **large cost savings**
- **Integrated** team work → faster, more consistent design
- Tool & method support for future designs → **shorter time to market**



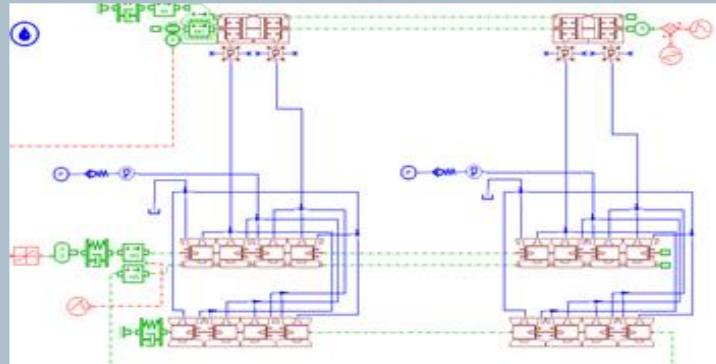
Airbus Helicopters

Reducing prototype costs by a factor of 4



- Shortened hydraulic system optimization cycle by a factor of 3
- Decreased prototype costs by a factor of 4
- Avoided late delivery penalties

From component and system engineering to real-time simulation



Dynamic analysis of hydraulic systems



Real-time models for full flight simulators

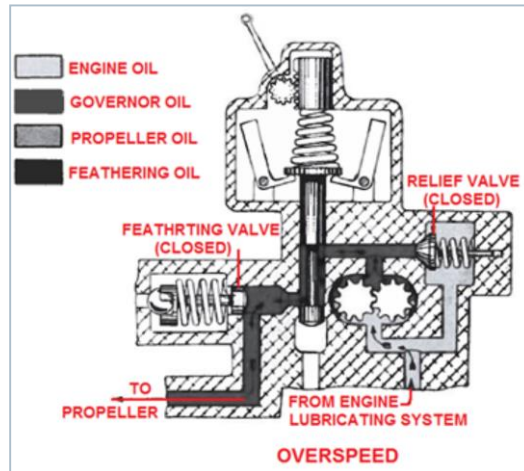
- Ensure accuracy of plant and real-time hydraulics models
- Enhance flight simulators' fidelity

“Being able to anticipate a problem is a significant source of cost and risk reduction.”

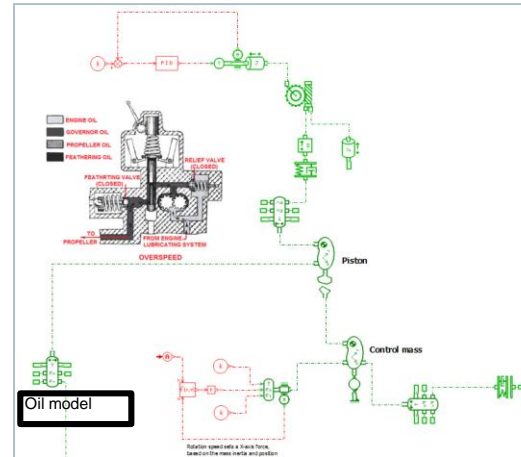
Hydro-mechanical fuel regulator

5.Re-engineering of the entire hydro-mechanical system

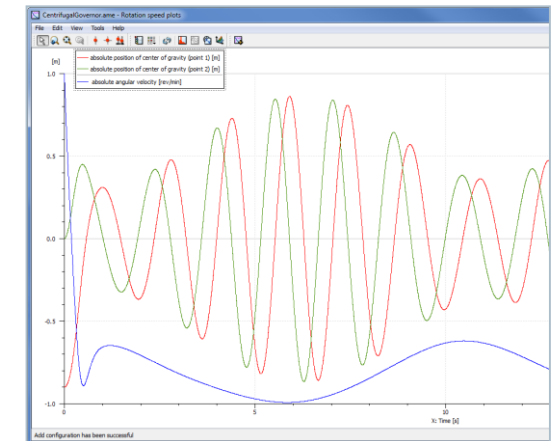
Fuel regulator



Simcenter Amesim model

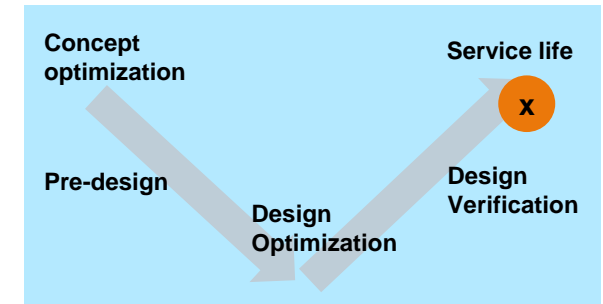


Reliable predictions



Value-adding outcome

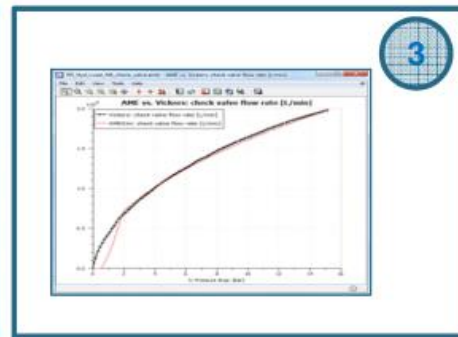
- Model made available → answer to OEM requirements (**safety** & fuel **consumption** improvements)
- Ability to answer future in-service hardware **support requests** (modes and concessions, incident replay etc...) → **credibility** gain



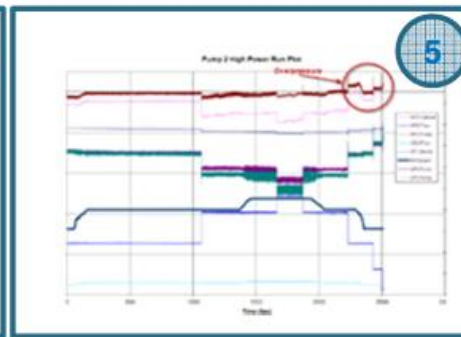
Anomalous Pressure Fluctuations in Aircraft Hydraulic Systems



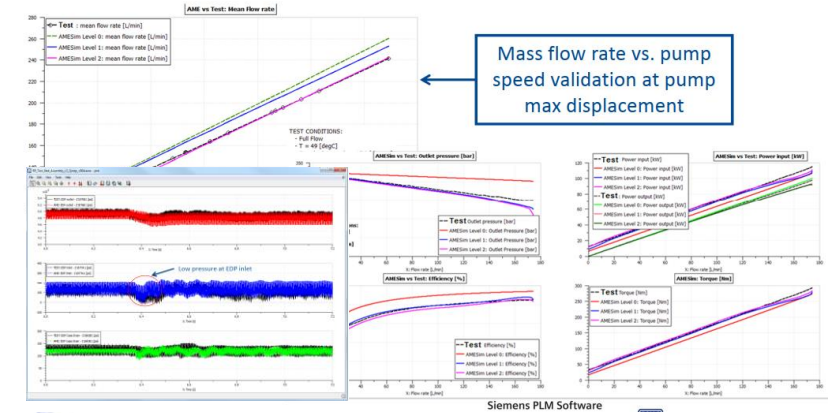
Data analysis and preprocessing



Unit test and validation



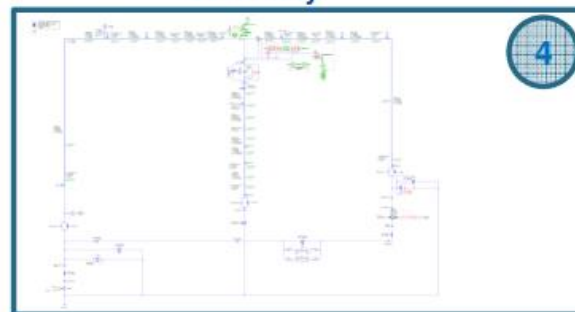
System validation



LMS Amesim model



System assembly



- Generating system pressure results from simulation of test cases under which EDP failure has occurred is more expedient
- Simulation is more cost effective than engine testing
- Hydraulic system pressures can be captured where it is impossible/difficult to make a physical measurement within the hydraulic system i.e. within EDP piston chambers and EDP inlet

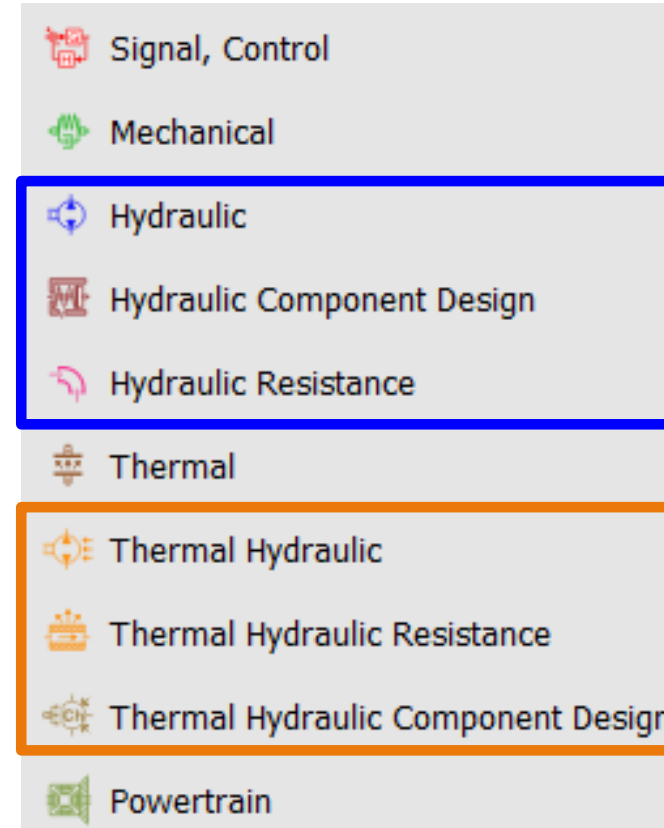
Agenda:

系统仿真概述
军工行业的应用概述
军工行业-液压应用
液压高级应用
总结

Hydraulic Libraries in Simcenter Amesim

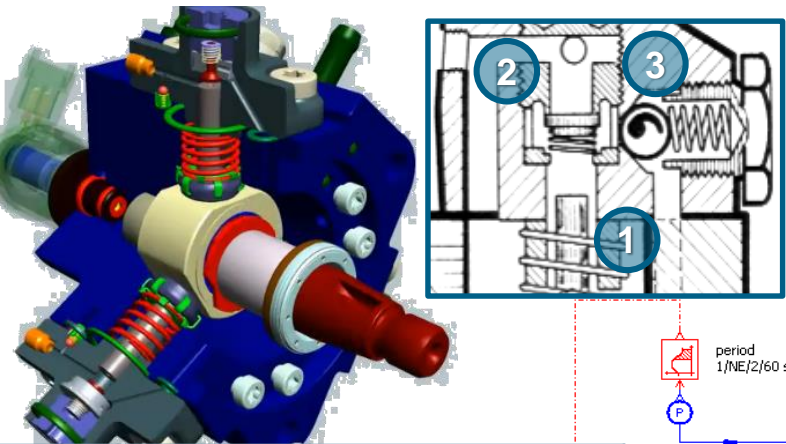
There are 6 Simcenter Amesim libraries to simulate hydraulic components and systems

- Hydraulic Library (**HYD**)
- Hydraulic Resistance Library (**HR**)
- Hydraulic Component Design library (**HCD**)
- Thermal Hydraulic Library (**THYD**)
- Thermal Hydraulic Resistance Library (**THR**)
- Thermal Hydraulic Component Design library (**THCD**)

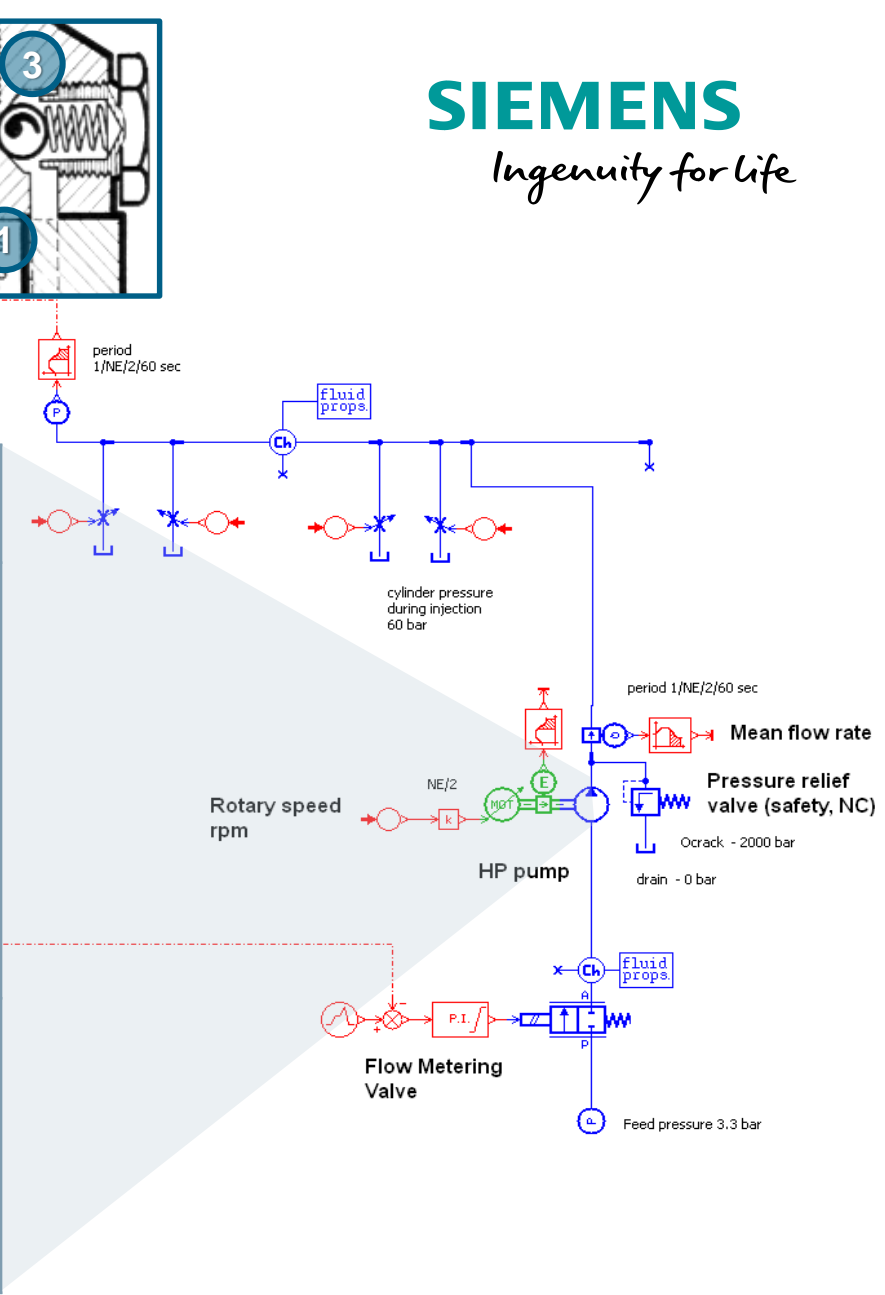


Model Scalability

High-pressure pump example



Functional model	Detailed Hydraulic Component Design model 1	Detailed Hydraulic Component Design model 2
	<p>Increase complexity →</p>	<p>Increase complexity →</p>
Mean flow / torque	Flow rate and torque ripples due to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • kinematics • fluid compressibility 	Flow rate and torque ripples due to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • kinematics • fluid compressibility • check valves' dynamics • loss of contact cam-follower • leakages



Fluid Properties

Simcenter Amesim

The 3 essential properties to handle dynamic effects in hydraulic networks are:

- **Density** Density is defined as mass divided by volume, inertial effect
- **Bulk modulus** Bulk modulus is a measure of the stiffness of the fluid
- **Viscosity** Viscosity is a measure of the resistance of a fluid which is being deformed by shear stress

The **air/gas content**, **saturation pressure** and **vapor pressures** are essential to handle aeration and cavitation phenomena.

The most relevant **thermal-related properties** are the **thermal conductivity**, **specific heat** and **thermal expansion**...which are evaluated and used in **thermal hydraulic libraries**.

Type of Fluid Properties

Simplest

Very simple model and assumptions. Rarely used.

Elementary

Identical to Advanced model but some parameters are not accessible (default value).

Advanced

"Generic" fluid model considering liquid but also air/gas and vapor bubbles (fluid aeration and cavitation).

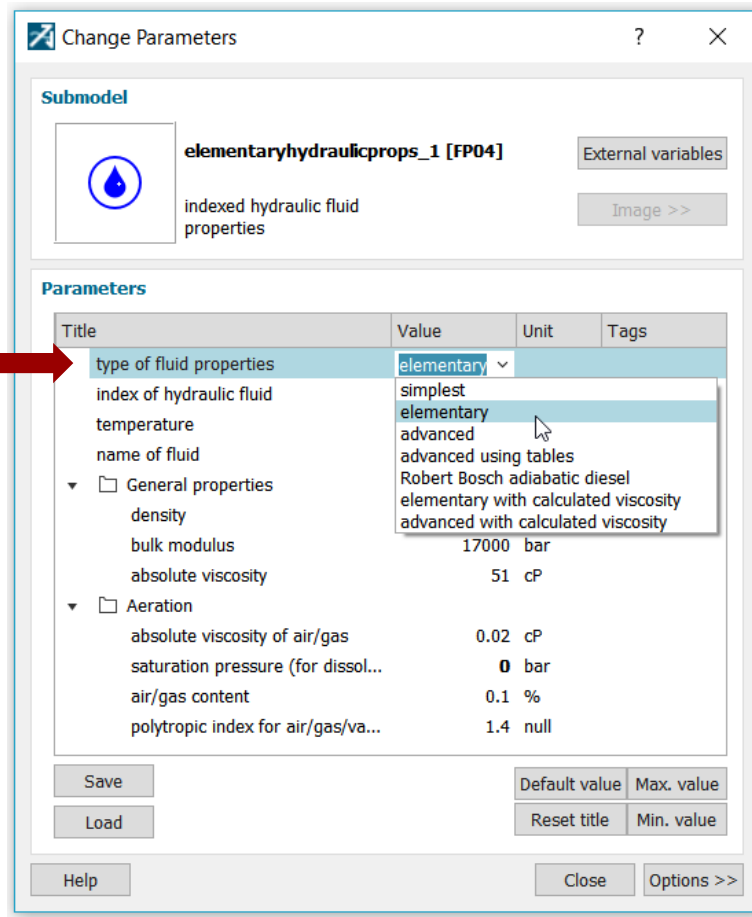
Advanced using tables

This uses an ASCII file to define fluid properties as a function of **pressure** and **temperature**. Air/gas release and cavitation models are identical to the ones used in the Advanced model.

Robert Bosch adiabatic diesel

This model was developed in collaboration with Robert Bosch GmbH and was validated with measurements.

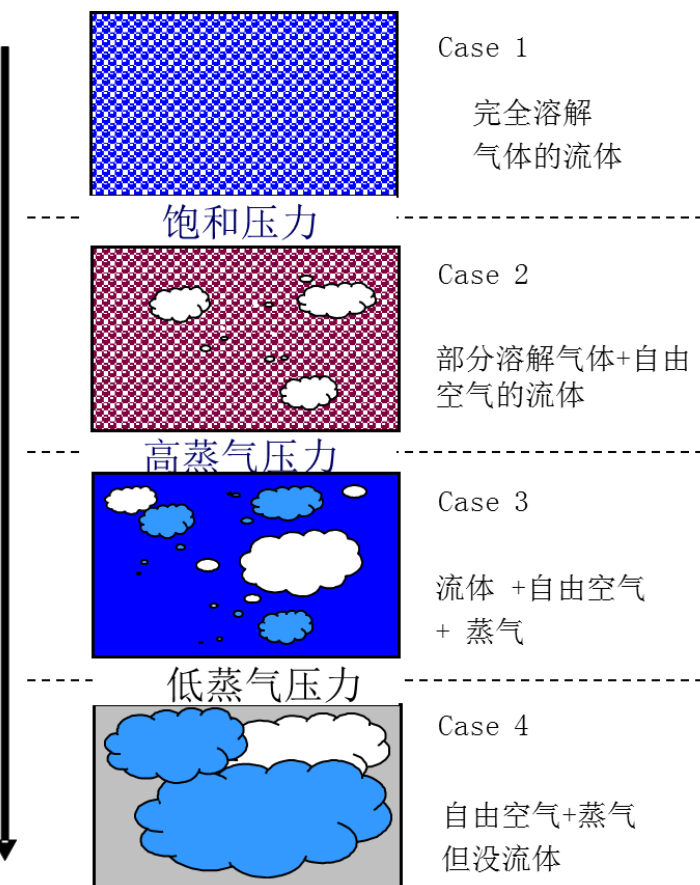
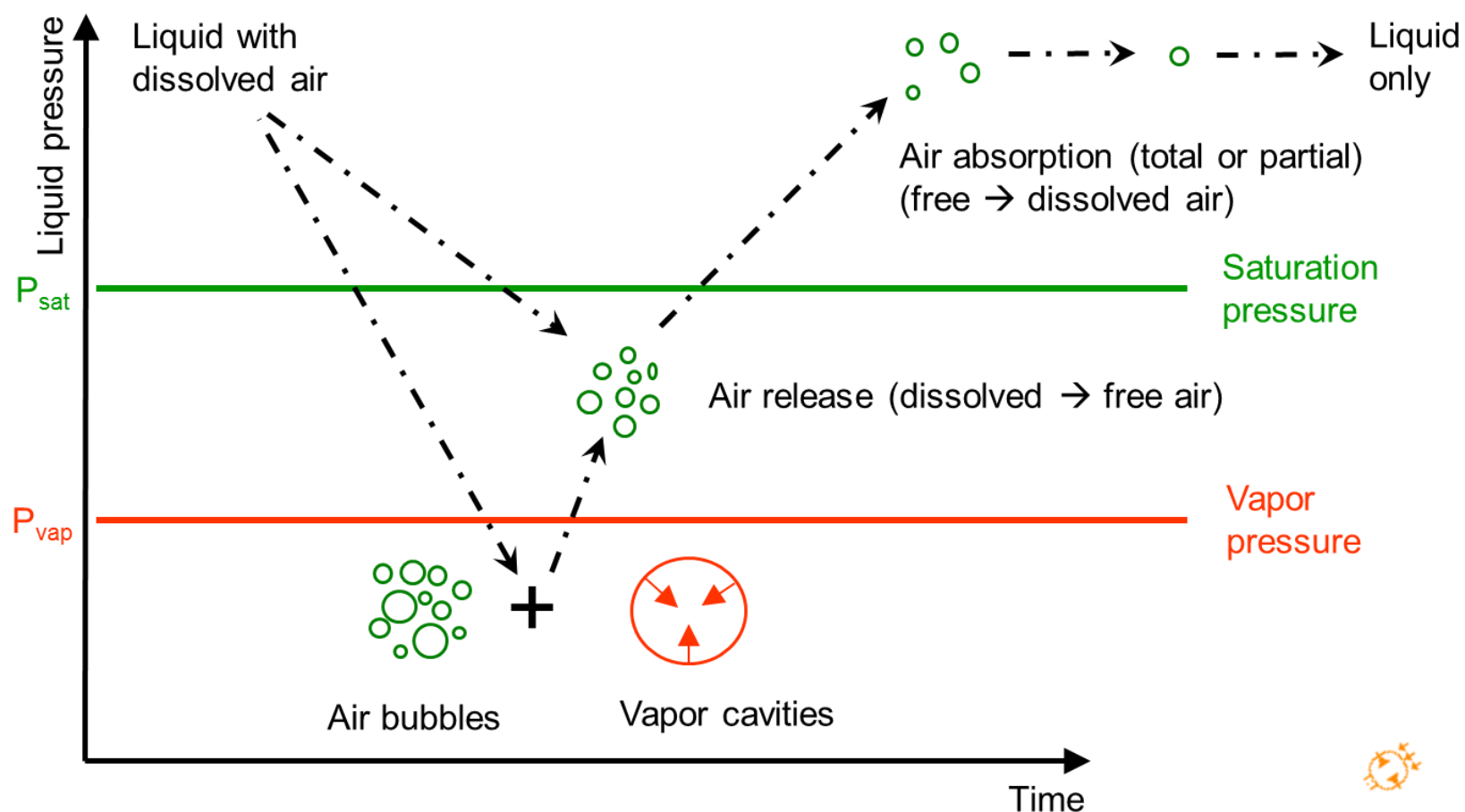
Siemens Digital Industries Software



Fluid properties

Aeration and cavitation in Simcenter Amesim

Comparison between cavitation and aeration



Hydraulic Pumps

Simcenter Amesim supports the modeling of any type of pumps



Vane pump



Gerotor and trochoidal pump



Variable displacement vane pump



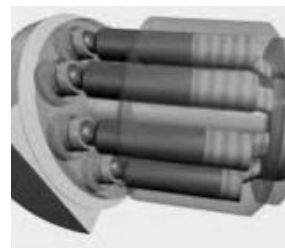
External gear pumps



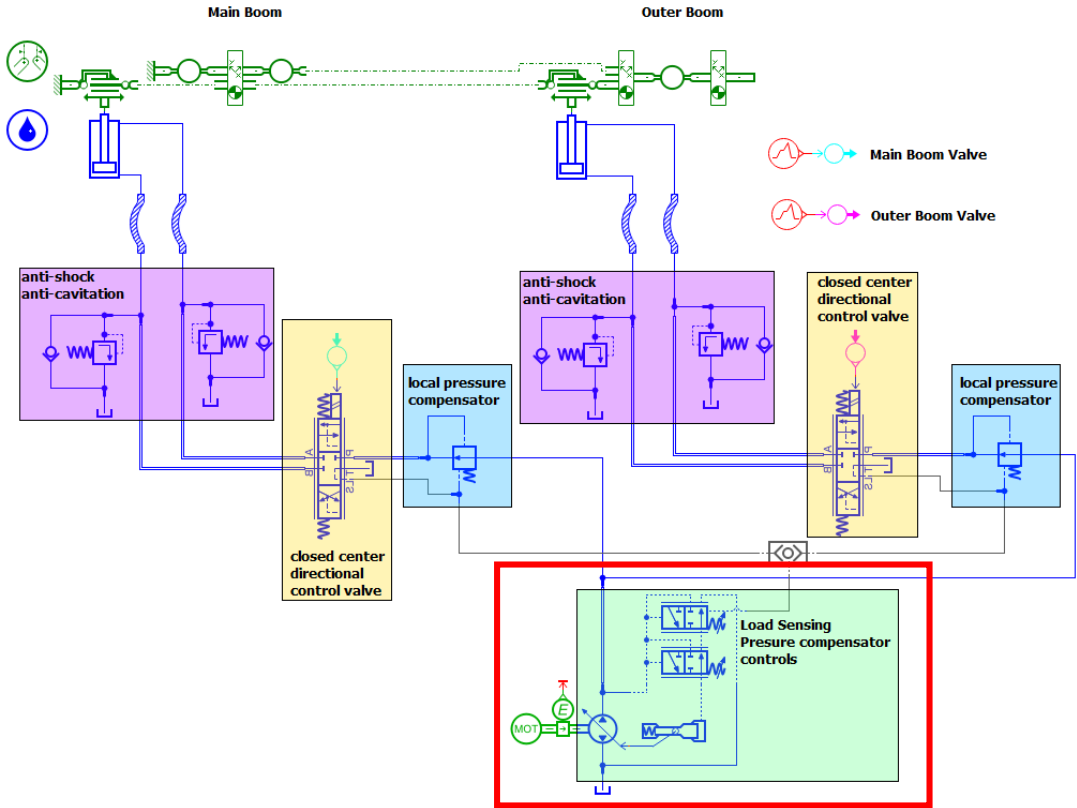
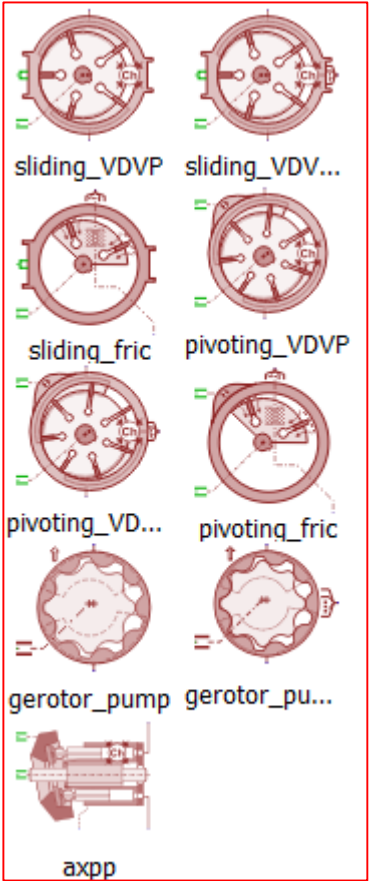
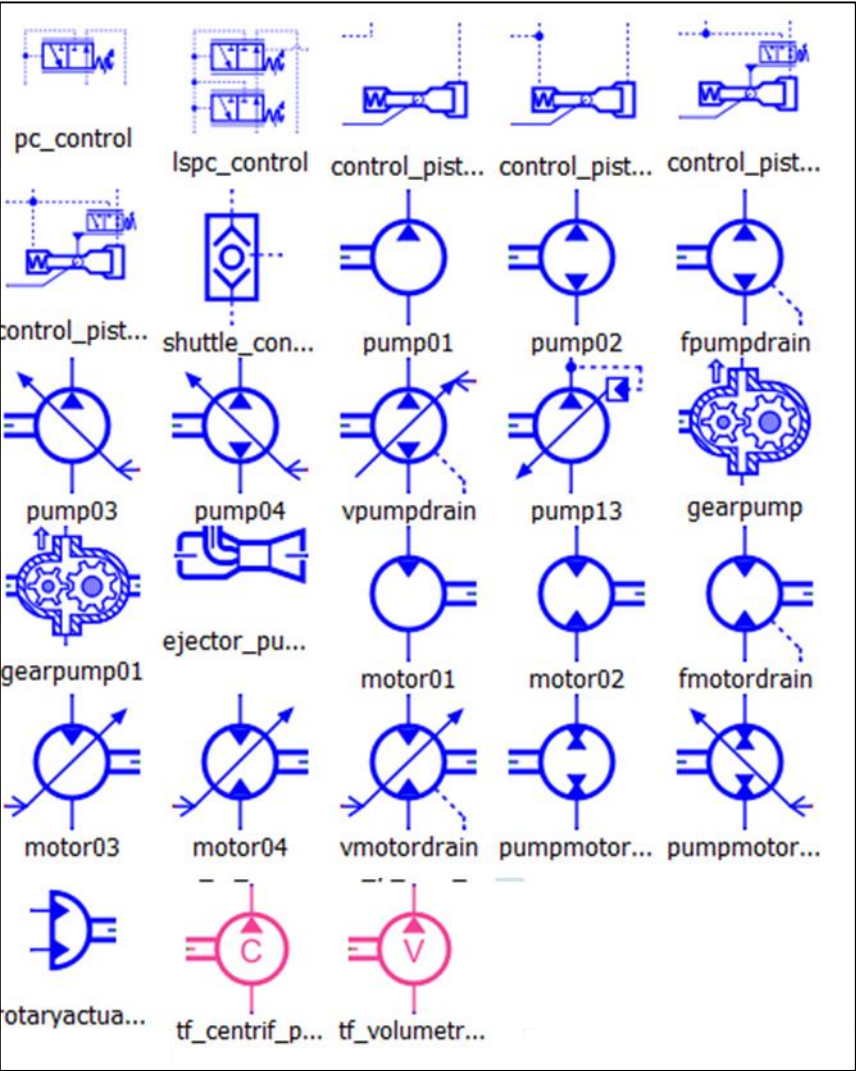
Radial and axial piston pump



Piston pumps with load sensing control



System Level Analysis

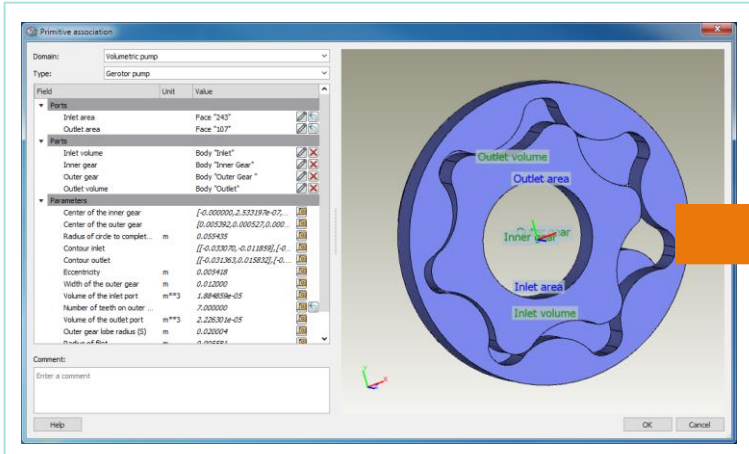


Automatic pumps sketch generation with CAD Import

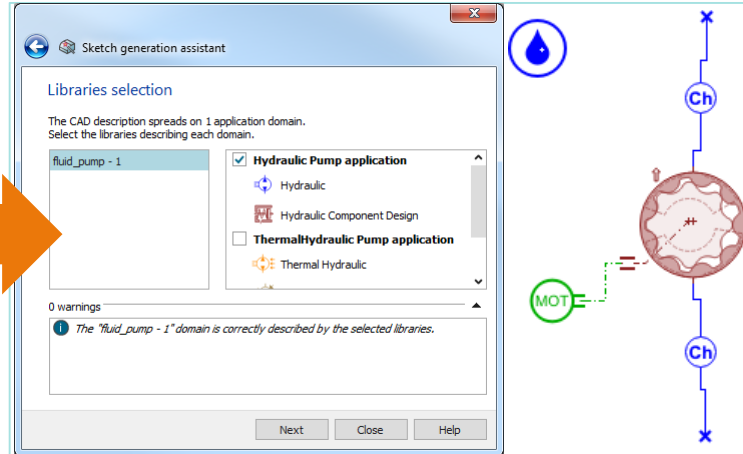
For gerotor pumps and vane pumps

SIEMENS
Ingenuity for life

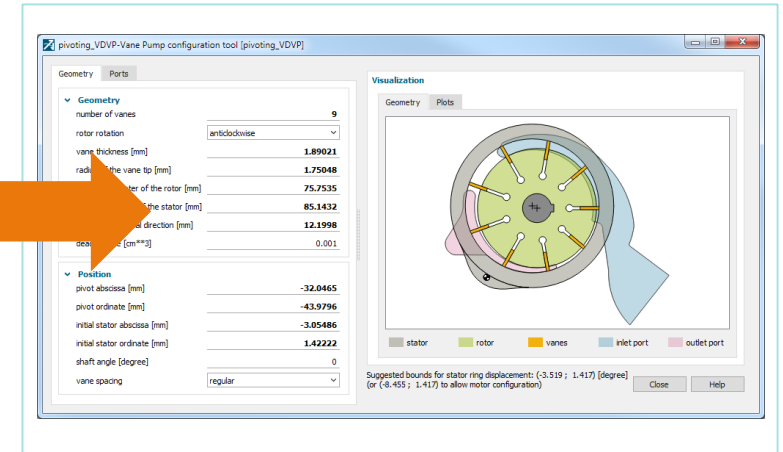
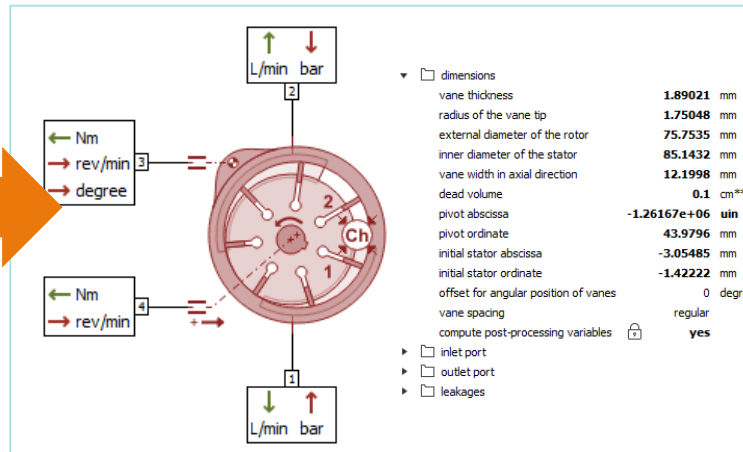
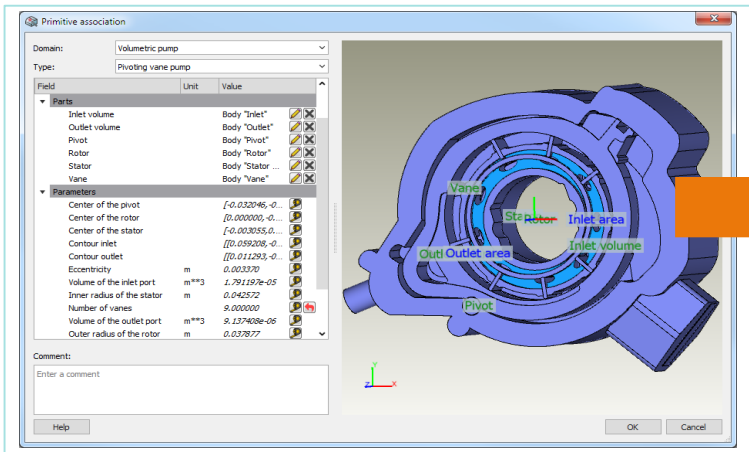
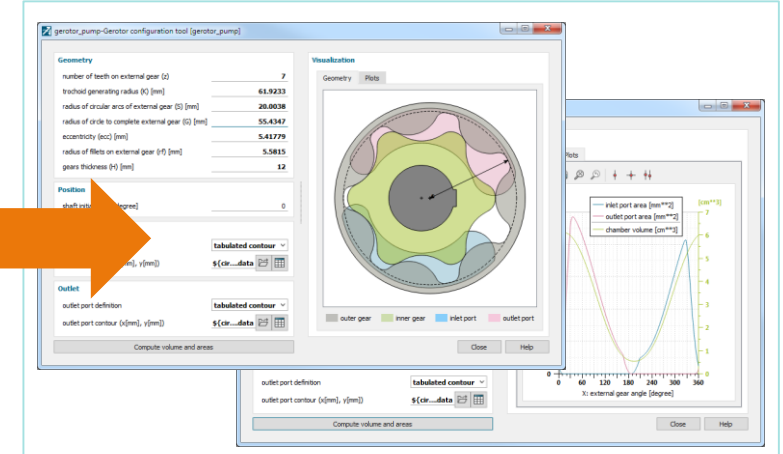
Pump CAD parameters retrieval



Automatic sketch generation



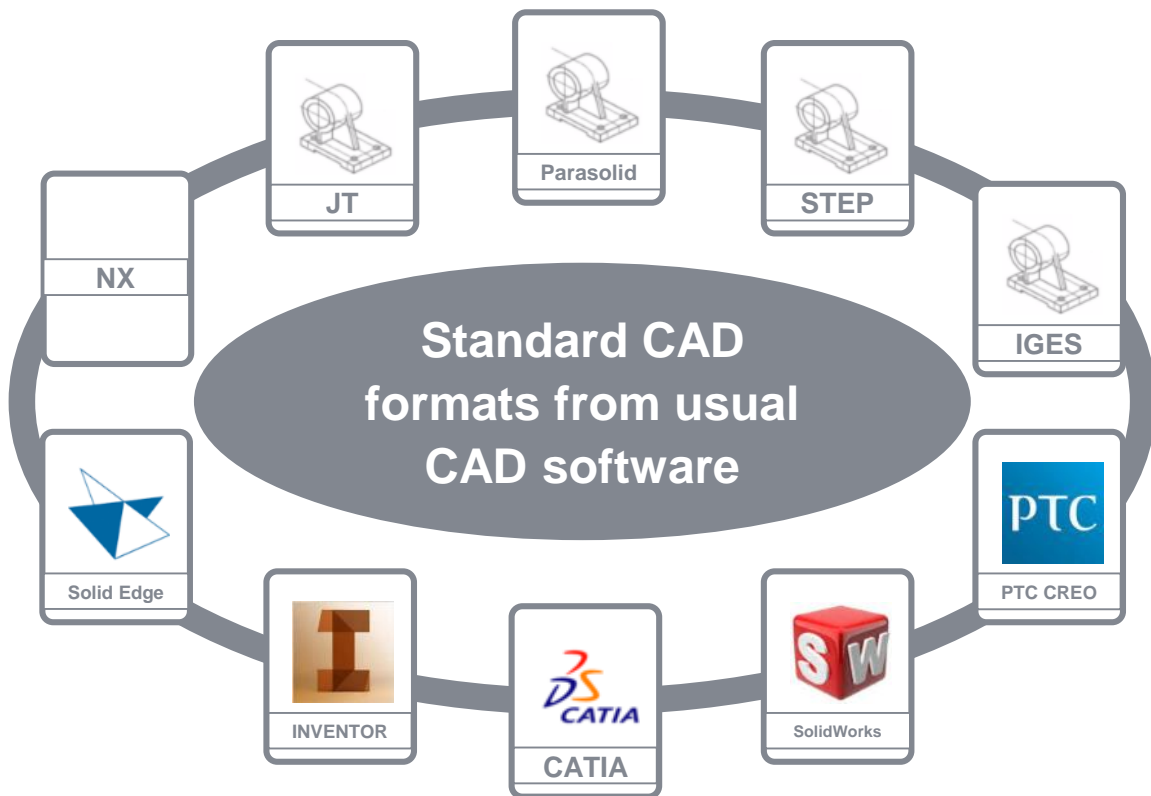
Dedicated app for pumps



Hydraulic CAD Imported

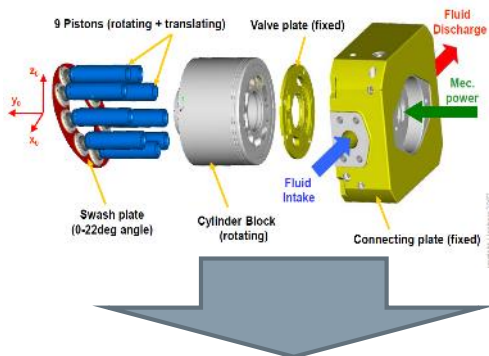
CAD import

- Import your in-house CAD
- Use standard files to mix multiple sources

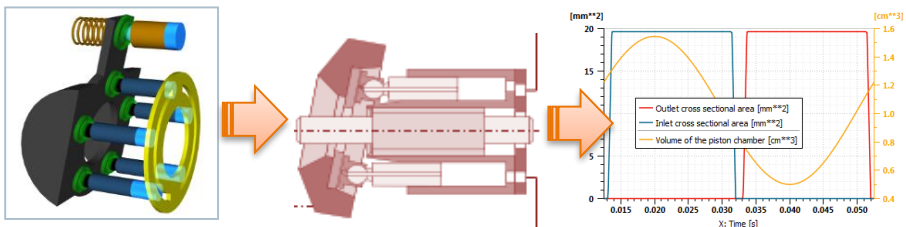


SIEMENS
Ingenuity for life

CAD2AME import to generate 1D sketch



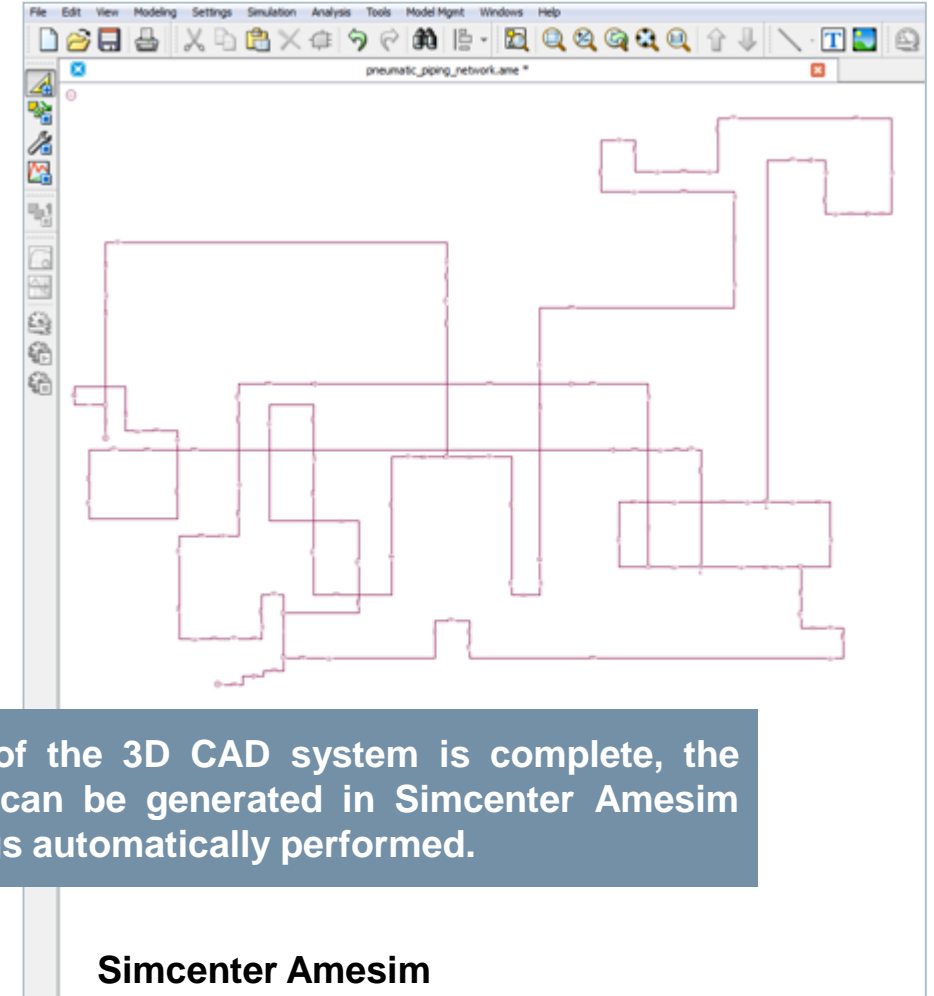
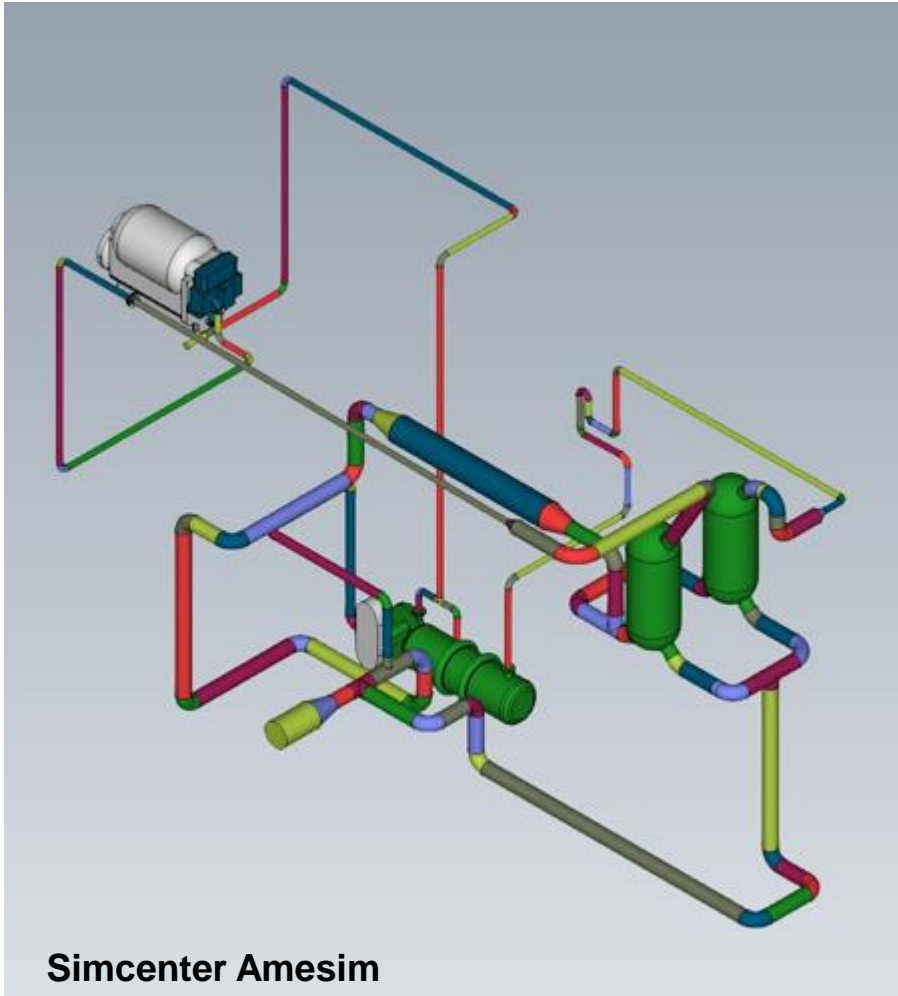
CAD → Automatic Sketch → Quick Analysis Generation



Amesim demo

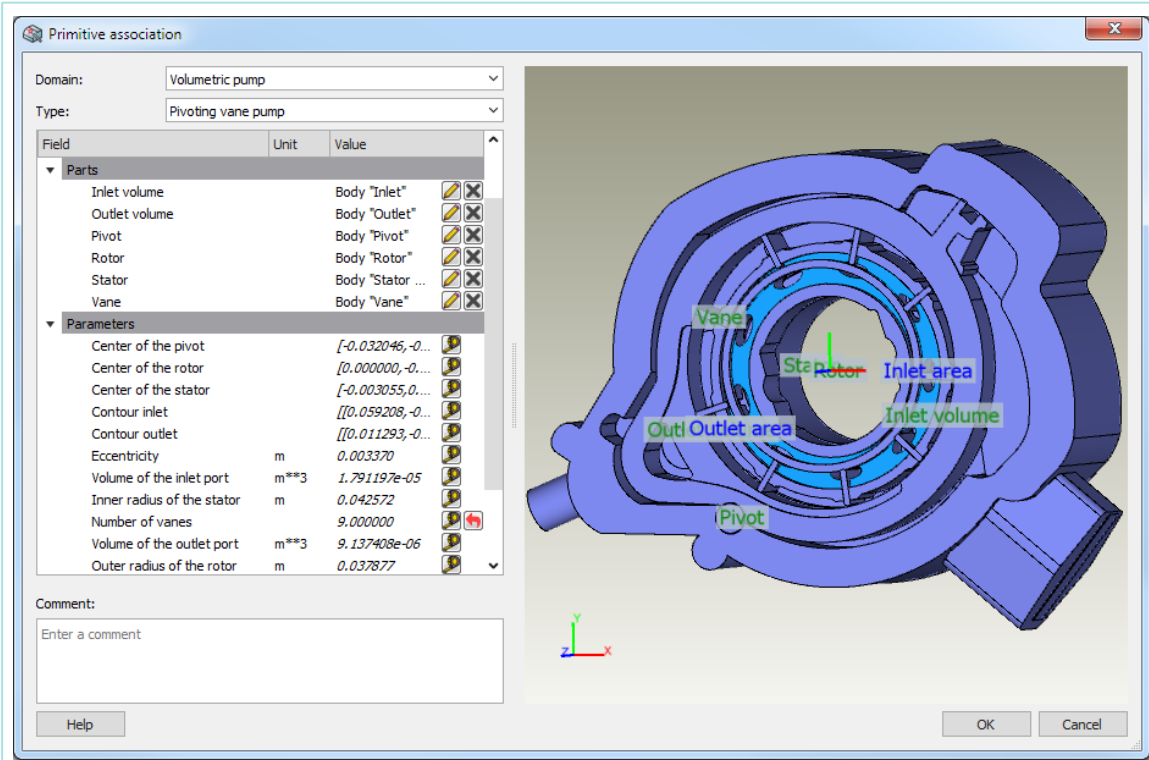
Sketch generation
A simple CAD to get familiar to sketch generation.

Application: piping network of a power plant

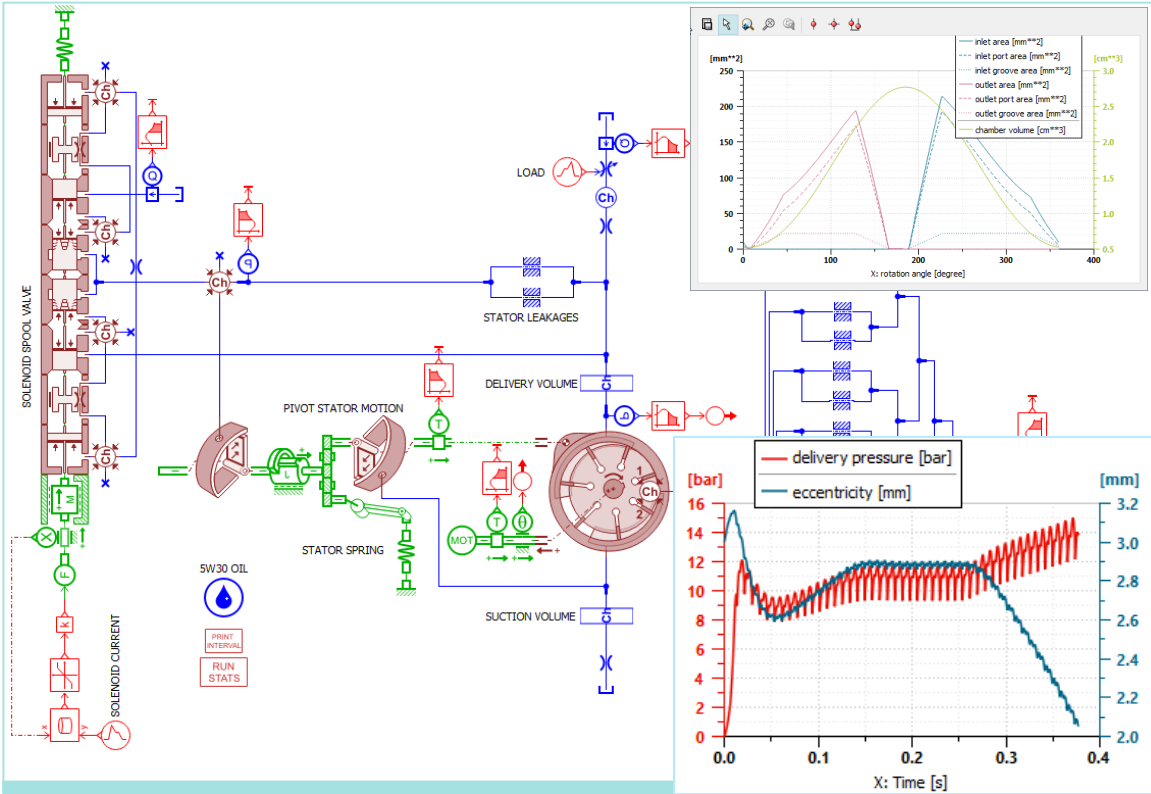


Once the description of the 3D CAD system is complete, the corresponding sketch can be generated in Simcenter Amesim with parameters settings automatically performed.

Generation of a vane pump model using CAD data



The automatic pump sketch generation allows to reduce considerably the time needed to create a detailed pump model in the early design phase.

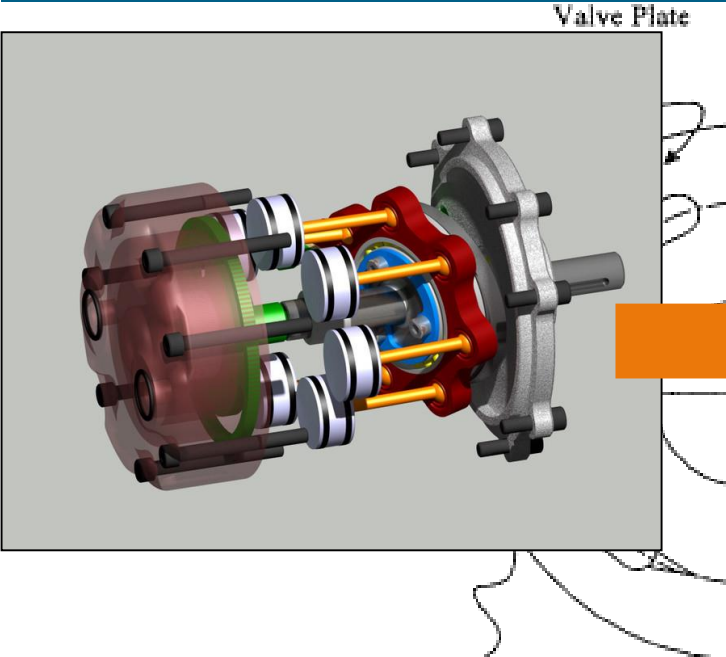


Easily visualize the pump geometry and analyze the influence of the design parameters on the system behavior

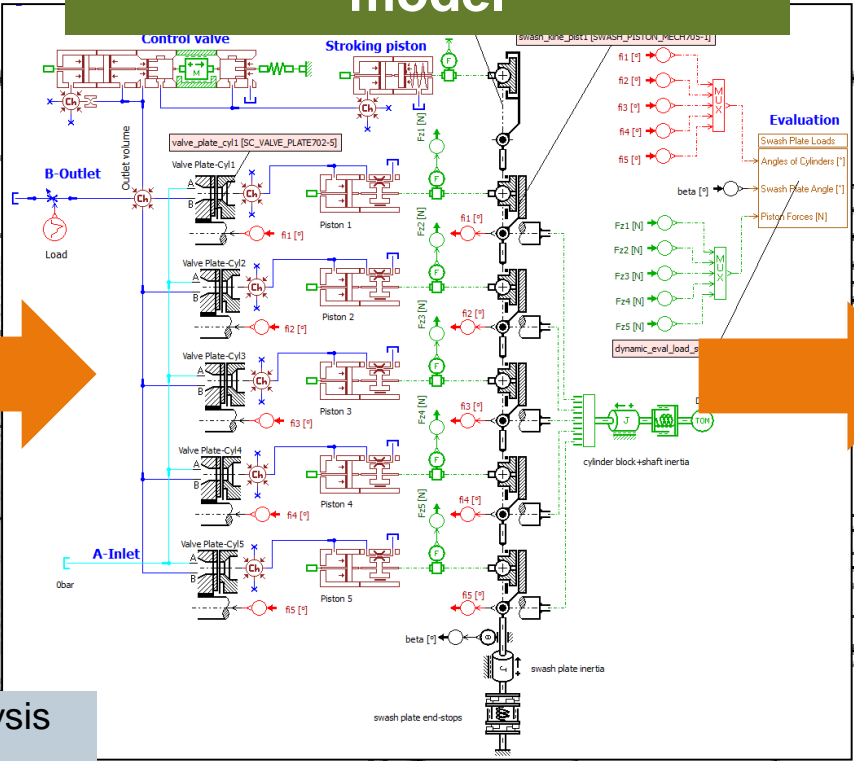
Swash plate pump modeling workflow, from CAD to Simcenter Amesim model



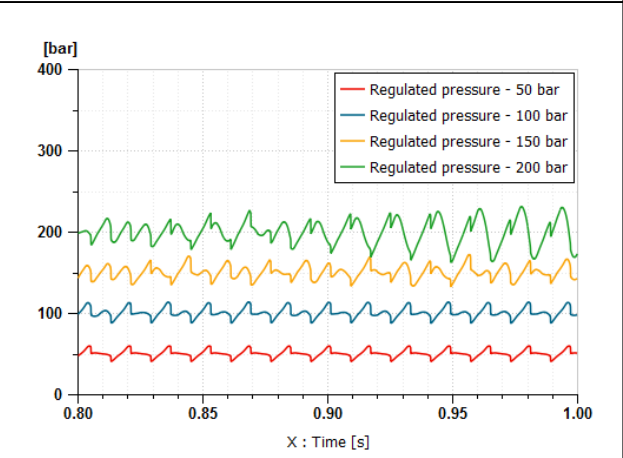
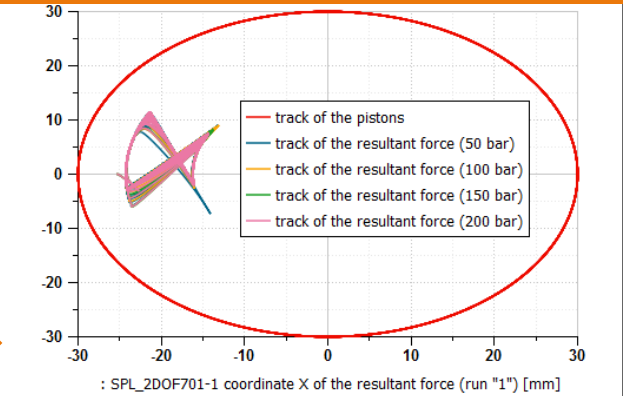
Pump CAD



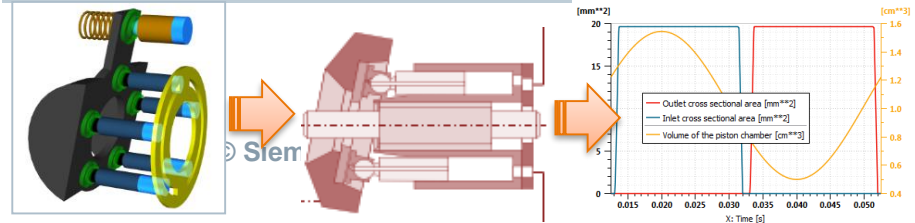
Simcenter Amesim pump model



Swash plate load and pressure peaks analysis



CAD → Automatic Sketch → Quick Analysis Generation

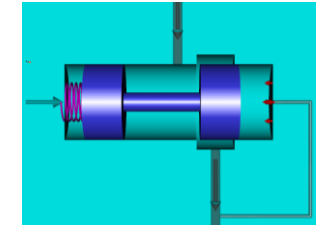
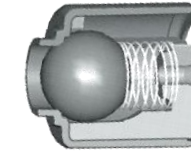
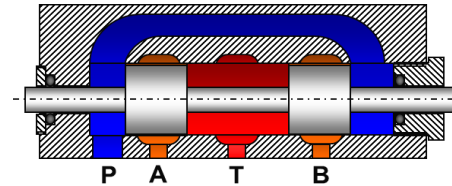


Hydraulic Valve

Many technologies of hydraulic valves, depending on...

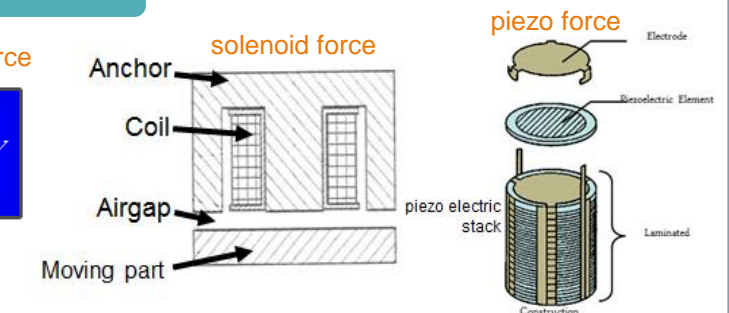
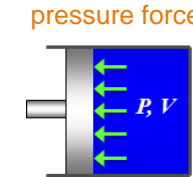
Regulated / controlled variable

- Directional control valves
- Pressure control valves
- Flow control valves



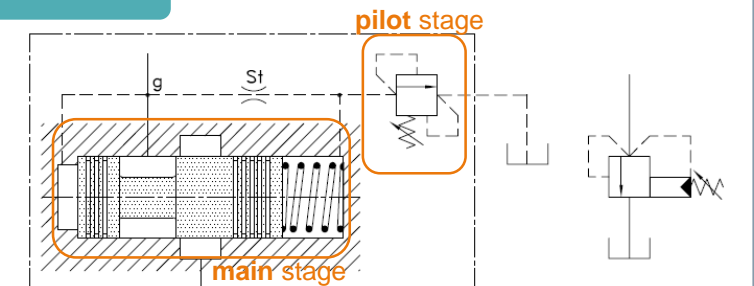
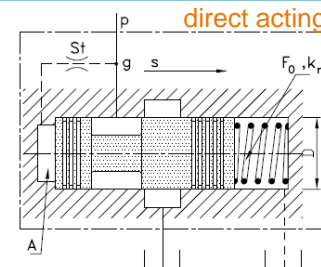
Type of valve operation

- Mechanic
- Hydraulic / pneumatic
- Electric:
 - Solenoid actuation: continuously variable force or PWM
 - Piezoelectric actuation (fast dynamics)

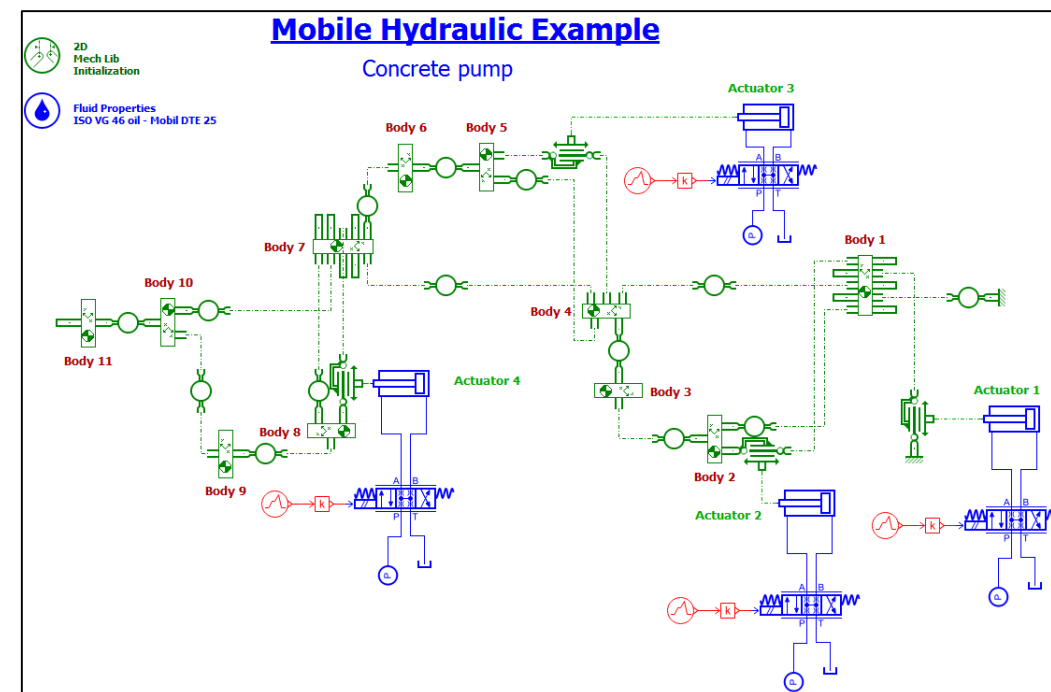
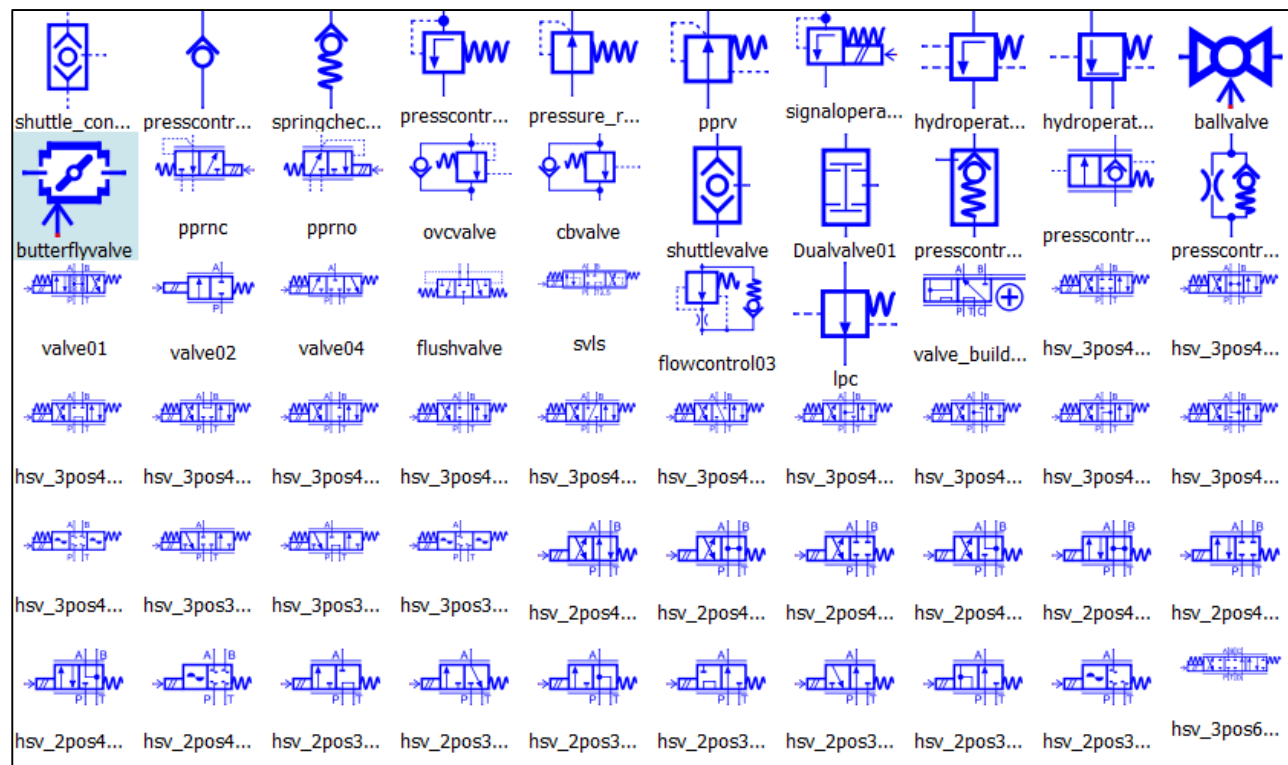


Number of stages

- One main stage: direct acting valves
- Pilot and main stages (high power):
 - Piloted valves

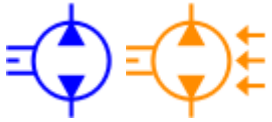


液压阀



压力控制阀，流量控制阀，方向控制阀

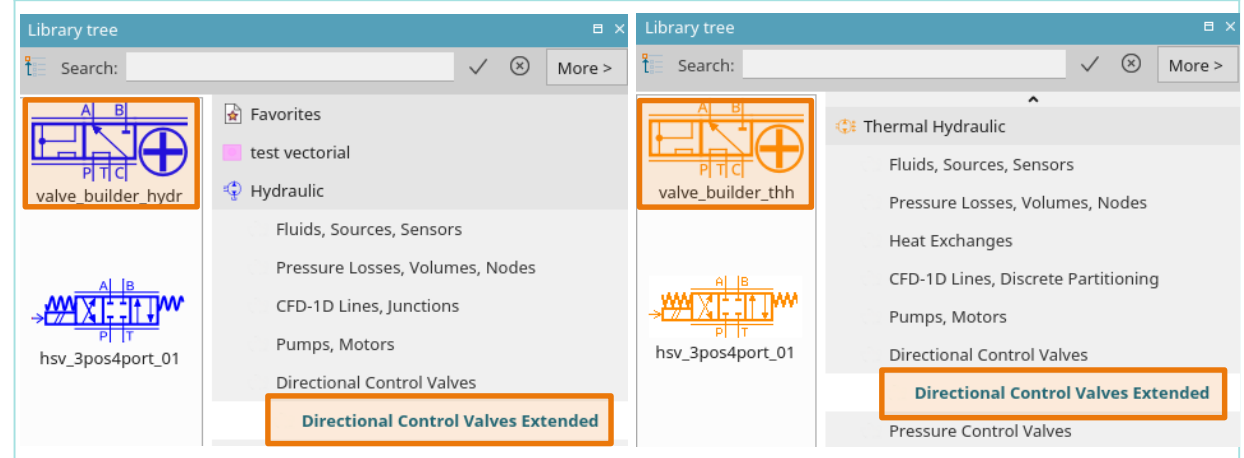
Valve Builder



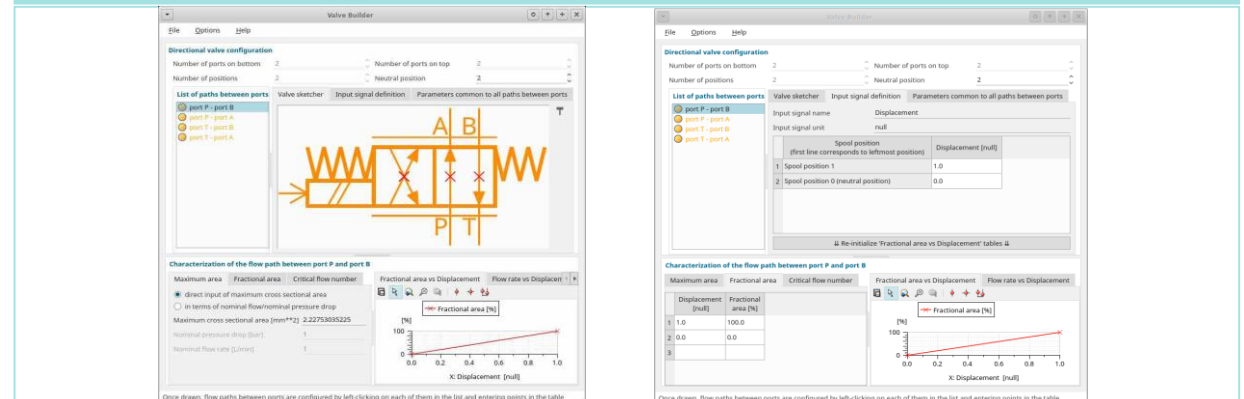
Hydraulic and Thermal-hydraulic libraries

- Create directional control valves by drawing flow paths in a dedicated sketcher.
- Specify pressure drops for each flow path.
- Automatically generate the desired parametrized model, with its appropriate icon drawing.

Available in the Hydraulic and Thermal-hydraulic libraries



Sketcher and configuration view



Valve Builder

Sketcher to draw the valve configuration

Valve Builder

File Options Help

List of paths between ports

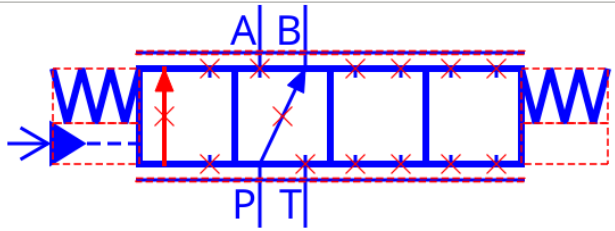
- port P - port B
- port P - port A

Valve sketcher Input signal definition Parameters common to all paths between ports

Directional valve configuration

Number of ports on bottom 2 Number of ports on top 2

Number of positions 4 Neutral position 2



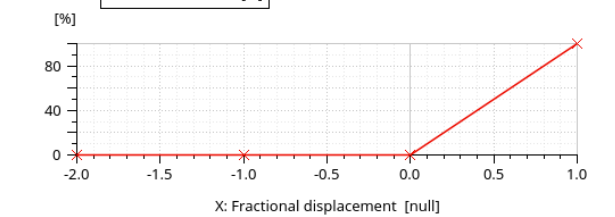
Re-initialize 'Fractional area vs Fractional displacement' tables

Characterization of the flow path between port P and port A

Maximum area Fractional area Critical flow number

	Fractional displacement [null]	Fractional area [%]
1	1.0	100.0
2	0.0	0.0
3	-1.0	0.0
4	-2.0	0.0
5		

Fractional area vs Fractional displacement



Generate valve on a new sketch Close

Restricted © Siemens 2019

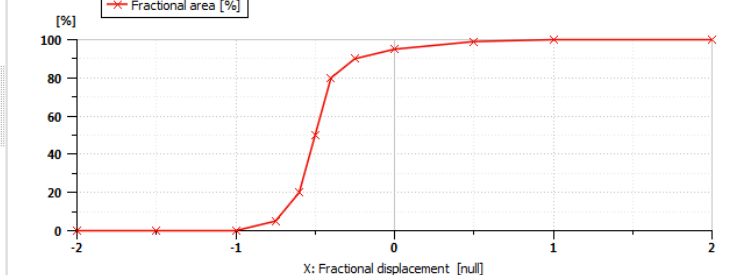
Easily configure flow path

Characterization of the flow path between port T and port A

Maximum area Fractional area Critical flow number

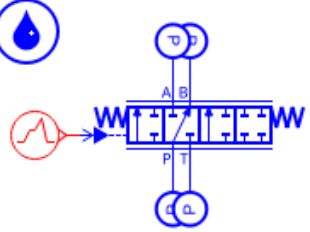
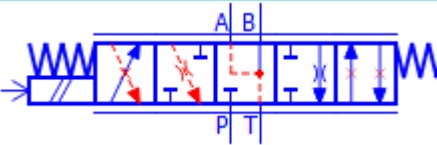
	Fractional displacement [null]	Fractional area [%]
2	1.0	100.0
3	0.5	99
4	0.0	95
5	-0.25	90
6	-0.4	80
7	-0.5	50
8	-0.6	20
9	-0.75	5

Fractional area vs Fractional displacement



Parameters of dirvalve_1 [SC_1-1]

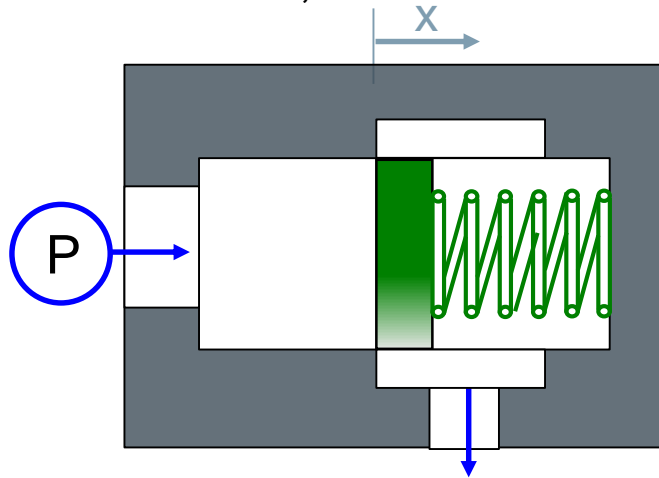
Title	Value
index of hydraulic fluid	0
nominal density [kg/m**3]	850
nominal kinematic viscosity [cSt]	60
fractional spool position [null] function of Fractional di...	...2+1*(x+2)+(-1<x&&x<=0)*(-1+1*(x+1))+(0<x)*(0+1*(x-0))
path P-B	
P-B characteristic flow rate at maximum opening	1
P-B corresponding pressure drop	1
P-B critical flow number (laminar/turbulent)	1000
P-B fractional area [null] function of fractional spoo...	...2)+(-1<x&&x<=0)*(0+100*(x+1))+(0<x)*(100+100*(x-0))
path P-A	
P-A characteristic flow rate at maximum opening	1
P-A corresponding pressure drop	1
P-A critical flow number (laminar/turbulent)	1000
P-A fractional area [null] function of fractional spoo...	...*(x+2)+(-1<x&&x<=0)*(79+79*(x+1))+(0<x)*(0+95*(x-0))
valve dynamics	
spool dynamics	no (static)



Check valve dynamics

Target:

- Size the valve, based on few main parameters



Characteristics:

Cracking pressure = 10 [bar]

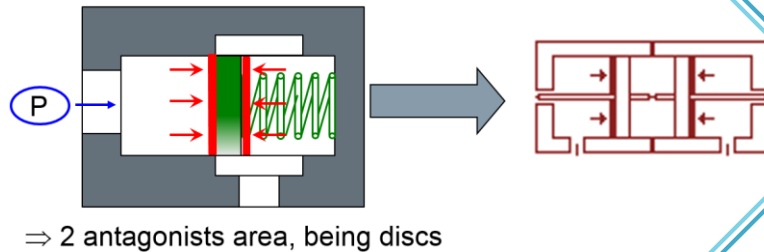
Flow = 100 [L/min] @ 30 [bar] fully open

+

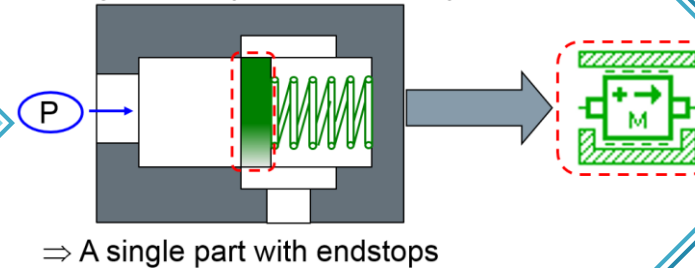
Diameter of the valve = 8 [mm]

Mass of the valve = 10 [g]

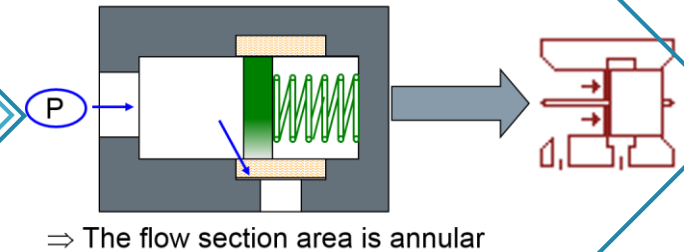
1 – Localize the pressure active area



2 – Identify the independant mobile parts



3 – The flow section area



Hydraulic Pipes



Hydraulic
Thermal hydraulic

- 管道几何形状
- 管道壁面弹性模量

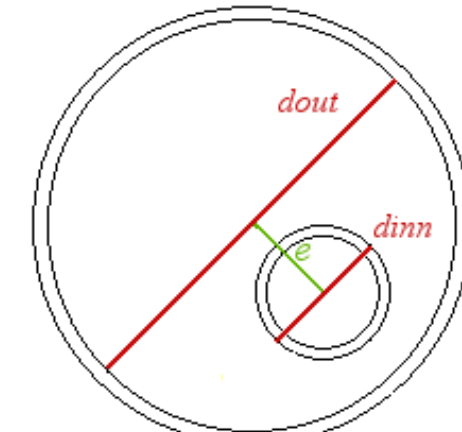
New pipe geometries

Hydraulic

Therm.Hydr.

Title	Value	Unit
index of thermal hydraulic fluid		1
number of internal nodes (0... 100)		5
compute post-processing variables		yes
geometry	rectangular	
width	cylindrical	mm
height	rectangular	mm
length	annular	m
relative roughness	generic	1e-05 null
angle line makes with horizontal (+ve if port 2 above...)		0 degree
initial conditions		
frequency dependent friction (f.d.f)		
wall compliance		
evaluation of bulk modulus	calculated wall bulk modulus	
wall thickness		10 mm
Young's modulus for material		2.06e+06 bar

Handling of wall compliance



wall compliance

evaluation of bulk modulus

infinitely stiff wall

infinitely stiff wall

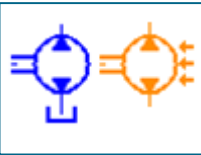
calculated wall bulk modulus

tabulated wall bulk modulus

volumetric expansion

effective bulk modulus

Pipe Material	Absolute roughness Δ
drawn brass	1.5 μm
drawn copper	1.5 μm
commercial steel	45 μm
wrought iron	45 μm
asphalted cast iron	120 μm
galvanized iron	150 μm
cast iron	260 μm
wood stave	0.2 to 0.9 mm
concrete	0.3 to 3 mm
riveted steel	0.9 to 9 mm



Hydraulic
Thermal hydraulic

• 管道子模型选择工具

Tool available before simulation run

Parameters of hose [TFL001-1] Parameters of hydraulic [HL0001-1]

Hydraulic line selection assistant [h2port]

Parameterization

Line geometry

Nodes N 10

Length 0.2 m

Section type circular

Diameter 6 mm

Fluid properties

Bulk modulus 8765.62 bar

Density 734.256 kg/m³

Absolute viscosity 0.467822 cP

Time

Print interval Tprint 0.0001 s

Post Processing

Line geometry

Aspect ratio Ar 33.3

Suggested nodes Ns 4

Cell aspect ratio Ac 3.03

Fluid properties

Speed of sound 1.1e+03 m/s

Dissipation number Dn 1.3e-05

Kinematic viscosity 6.4e-07 cSt

Time

Wave travel time Twave 0.00018 s

Suggestion

1D assumption, simplest wave assumption, no FDF states.
Use HL0040, HL0041 or HL0042 with 0 internal node.

Set HL0042

Decision chart <<

This wizard provides information for a single submodel, its conclusions are not valid for a complete hydraulic circuit.

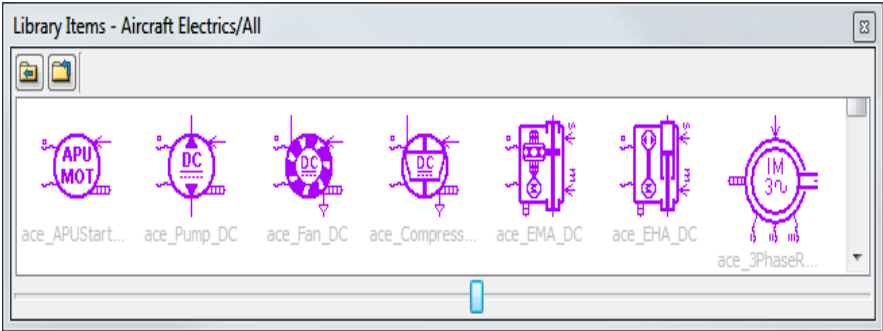
Help OK Cancel Apply all

Decision chart:

```
graph TD
    A["A_r > 6"] -- yes --> B["suitable for 1D assumption"]
    A -- no --> C["zero spatial assumption"]
    B --> D["D_n > 0.5"]
    D -- yes --> E["friction dominated"]
    D -- no --> F["wave effects probably significant"]
    E --> G["wave effects not visible"]
    F --> H["T_wave < T_print"]
    H -- yes --> I["A_c > 6"]
    H -- no --> J["simplest wave assumption"]
    I -- yes --> K["distributed submodels HL010/11/12"]
    I -- no --> L["lumped submodels HL0001/2/3"]
    J --> M["D_n > 0.001"]
    M -- yes --> N["f.d.f HL0040/41/42 HL0040/41/42 HL0040/41/42"]
    M -- no --> O["0 node f.d.f HL0040/41/42"]
    M -- yes --> P["0 node no f.d.f HL0040/41/42"]
    M -- no --> Q["simplest submodels HL0000 HL0000 HL0000"]
```

	Lumped (L) / Distributive (D)	Causality	Fluid Compressibility	Friction	Fluid inertia	Wave phenomena	frequency dependent friction	Wall compliance
Direct	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HL000	L	C	✓					✓
HL02I	L	IR		✓	✓			
HL01		C-R						
HL02	L	R-C-R	✓	✓				✓
HL03		C-R-C						
HL04		C-IR						
HL05	L	IR-C-IR	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
HL06		C-IR-C						
HL004		C-IR						
HL005	L	IR-C-IR	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
HL006		C-IR-C						
HL10		C-R-***-C-R						
HL11	D	R-C-***-C-R	✓	✓				✓
HL12		C-R-***-R-C						
HL020		C-IR-***-C-IR						
HL021	D	IR-C-***-C-IR	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
HL022		C-IR-***-IR-C						
HLG20		C-IR-***-C-IR						
HLG21	D	IR-C-***-C-IR	✓	✓	✓	✓		
HLG22		C-IR-***-IR-C						
HL030		C-IR-***-C-IR						
HL031	D	IR-C-***-C-IR	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
HL032		C-IR-***-IR-C						

Electro-Hydrostatic Actuator parameter setting tool



- Provision of no-load, stall and continuous rated points
- Selection of parameters to be optimized
- DC motor, power converter, pump and jack parameters optimization
- Efficiency, speed and current curves visualization

Targets

1. Targets

power electronics efficiency	0.85
input DC voltage [V]	28
continuous force [N]	5000
current under cont. force [A]	Not mandatory
speed under cont. force [m/s]	Not mandatory

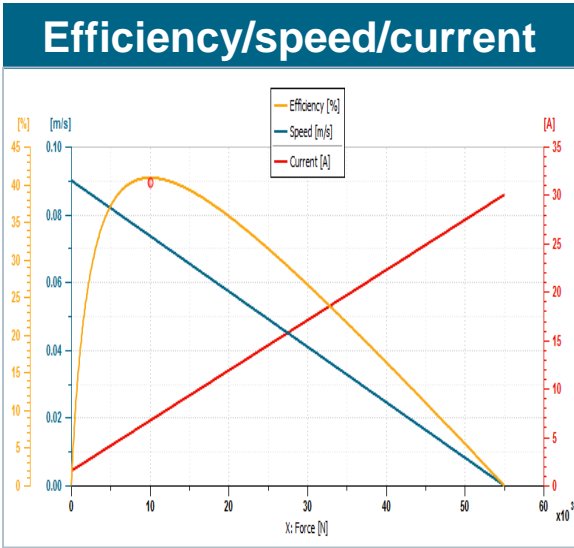
stall load [N]	12500
stall current [A]	30
no-load speed [m/s]	0.05

Parameters to be optimized

2. Parameters

torque constant [V*s/rad]	2.40612	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
stator resistance [Ohm]	1.09803	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
shaft Coulomb friction torque [Nm]	0.437126	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
shaft viscous friction coef [Nm/(rev/min)]	0.0222636	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
gear ratio [null]	1.01177	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
gear efficiency [null]	0.999975	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
pump displacement [cc/rev]	667.509	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
pump hydromechanical efficiency	0.668073	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
rod diameter [mm]	360	<input type="checkbox"/>
piston diameter [mm]	400	<input type="checkbox"/>
jack friction coef [N/(m/s)]	0.500006	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

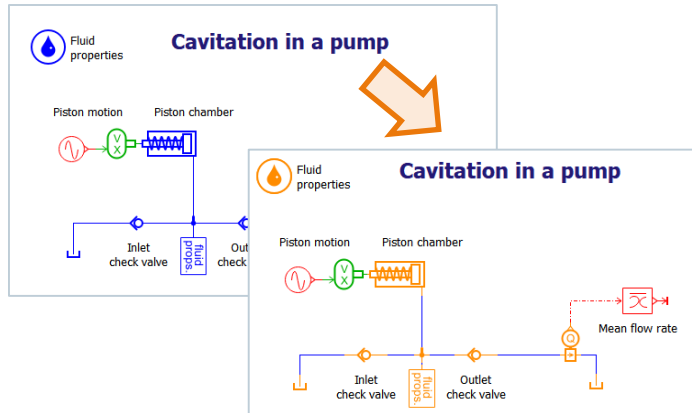
Run Opt



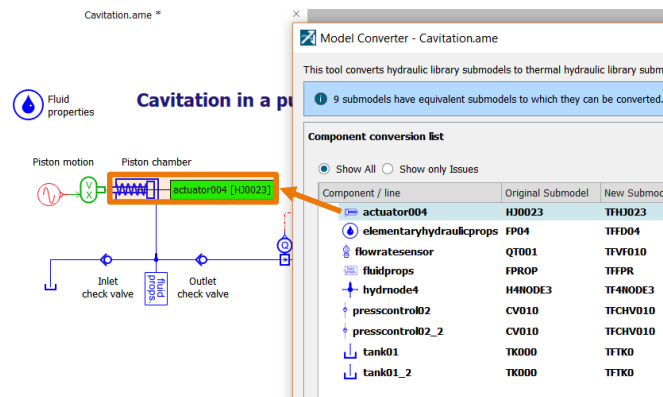
平台新功能

Model converter

Conserve model structure and parameterization



Interact with the sketch



Model conversion notifications

Model Converter - HydrostaticTransmission.ame

This tool converts hydraulic library submodels to thermal hydraulic library submodels.

Notifications:

- Warning:** The model is from a previous version. It is advised to launch Update Assistant first.
- Info:** 7 submodels have equivalent submodels to which they can be converted.

Component conversion list

☒ Show All ☐ Show only Issues

Component / line	Original Submodel	New Submodel	Status
elementaryhydraulicprops	FP04	TFH004	Converted
h2port_2	HL0000	TFH000	Converted
hydrnode3	H3NODE1	TF3NODE1	Converted

FEATURES

- Same sketch presentation and parameterization
- Interaction between the tool and model sketch by clicking the component and getting labeled component in sketch
- Notification of conversion success, submodel which could not be converted and conversion details by component

BENEFITS

- Start new research efficiently by re-using existing models
- Conduct troubleshooting efficiently with the help of conversion status and dedicated information for each component
- Get information about the conversion scope with transparent messages

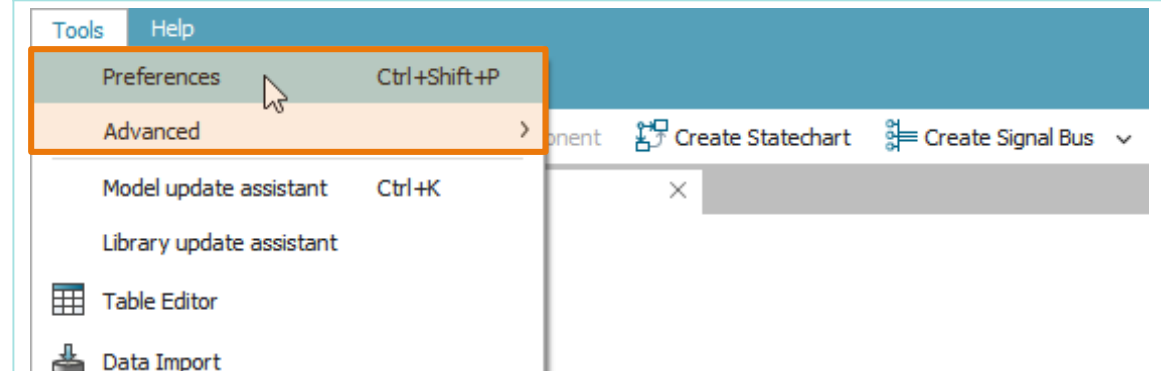
Support of Microsoft Visual C++ 2015–2019 compilers



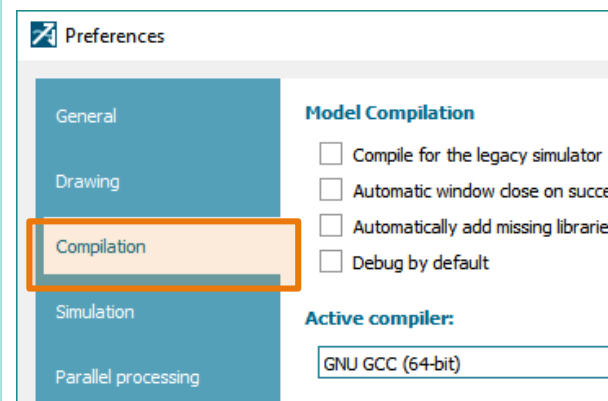
Platform Facilities

- Simcenter Amesim now complies with versions 2015 to 2019 of the Microsoft Visual C++ compiler under Windows, for the 64-bit compilation of (super)components or models

On a Windows PC with Microsoft Visual C++ compiler 2015, 2017 or 2019 installed, open the Simcenter Amesim preferences menu



Look for the Compilation tab

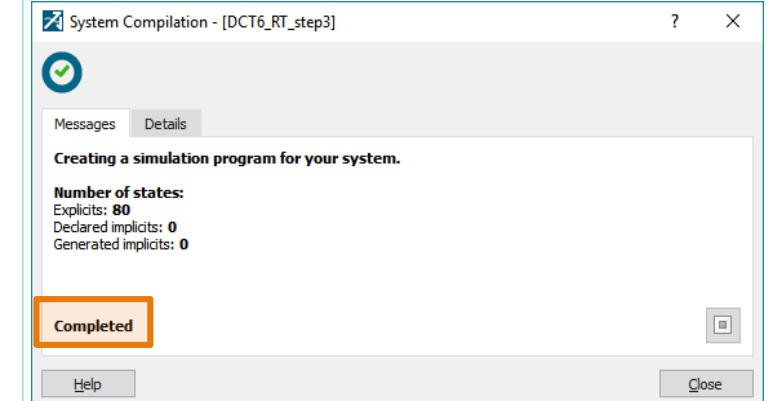


Select “Microsoft Visual C++ 2015 and higher (64-bit)”

Active compiler:

GNU GCC (64-bit)
GNU GCC (32-bit)
GNU GCC (64-bit)
Intel C++ (32-bit)
Intel C++ (64-bit)
Microsoft Visual C++ 2010 to 2013 (32-bit)
Microsoft Visual C++ 2010 to 2013 (64-bit)
Microsoft Visual C++ 2015 and higher (64-bit)

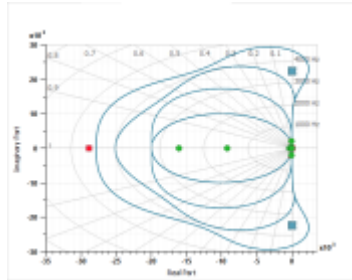
Compile your model



Performance analyzer: stability regions

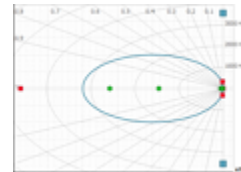
Integration method selection

Integration method ▼
Euler
Runge-Kutta 2nd order
Runge-Kutta 3rd order
Runge-Kutta 4th order

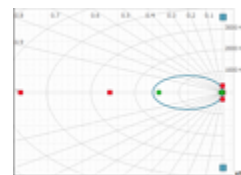


Fixed time step setting

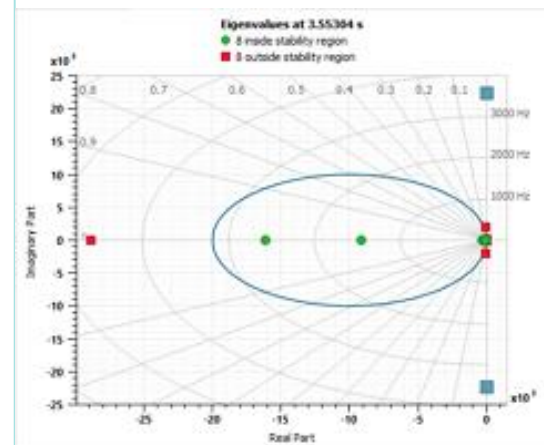
Target fixed time step 0.1 ms



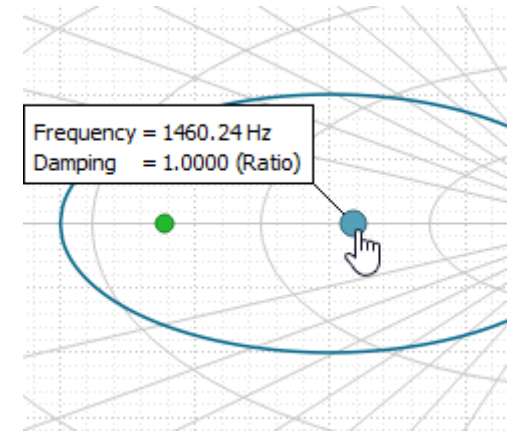
Target fixed time step 0.2 ms



Color and shape differentiators



Eigenvalues properties tag



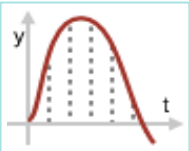
FEATURES

- Selection among integration methods related to available fixed time step solvers within Simcenter Amesim
- Numerical stability region update according to fixed time step to be used
- Access from plot to additional information on eigenvalues

BENEFITS

- Ensure that your model can be exported to real-time target
- Identify straightforwardly the best suited numerical integration method for a given fixed time step
- Comprehend quickly which eigenvalues – and so model components – are the roots of diverging simulation

Performance analyzer: frequencies pane enhancements



Solver and Numerics

- Identify undamped and unstable high natural frequencies of the system in order to reduce CPU time
- Detect which components are the most important contributors for each eigenvalues
- Get limiting fixed step integration to get stable model when exporting to real-time target

From Performance Analyzer



Run statistics



State contributions



Frequencies



Discontinuities

Run selection:

Automatic linearization

Minimal number of linearization

Run automatic linearization

Eigenvalues at selected time

Time selection

No	Type	Frequency [Hz]	Damping [%]	Max FTS [ms]
f_03	Oscillating mode	589.35	0.01	0.000078
f_02	Oscillating mode	315.50	4.98	0.050267
f_01	Oscillating mode	21.67	0.00	0.000729
t_10	Time constant	14915.15	100.00	0.021341
t_09	Time constant	4457.63	100.00	0.071408

Top contributing states

Participation factor	Submodel	Variable
50%	mass_friction_endstops [M...	velocity at port 1
48%	mass_friction_endstops [M...	displacement at port 1
2%	actuator001 [HJ020-1]	pressure at port 1


Options

Performance analyzer: frequencies pane enhancements


Automatic linearization and time selection

Automatic linearization

Minimal number of linearization 2

Run automatic linearization 

Eigenvalues at selected time

Time selection  3.56505 s

Eigenvalues and participation factors

No	Type	Frequency [Hz]	Damping [%]	Max FTS [ms]
f_03	Oscillating mode	589.35	0.01	0.000078
f_02	Oscillating mode	315.50	4.98	0.050267
f_01	Oscillating mode	21.67	0.00	0.000729
t_10	Time constant	14915.15	100.00	0.021341
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Top contributing states

Participation factor	Submodel	Variable
50%	mass_friction_endstops ...	velocity at port 1
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2%	actuator001 [HJ020-1]	pressure at port 1

Stability conditions for real-time export

Euler's method stability conditions

Maximum fixed time step 8.45077e-07 ms

Linearization time 3.55893 s



Move cursor to critical time

FEATURES

- Automatic detection of stiff solving instant
- Eigenvalues and associated participation factors computation at detected time
- Euler's explicit method stability conditions for real-time model conversion

BENEFITS

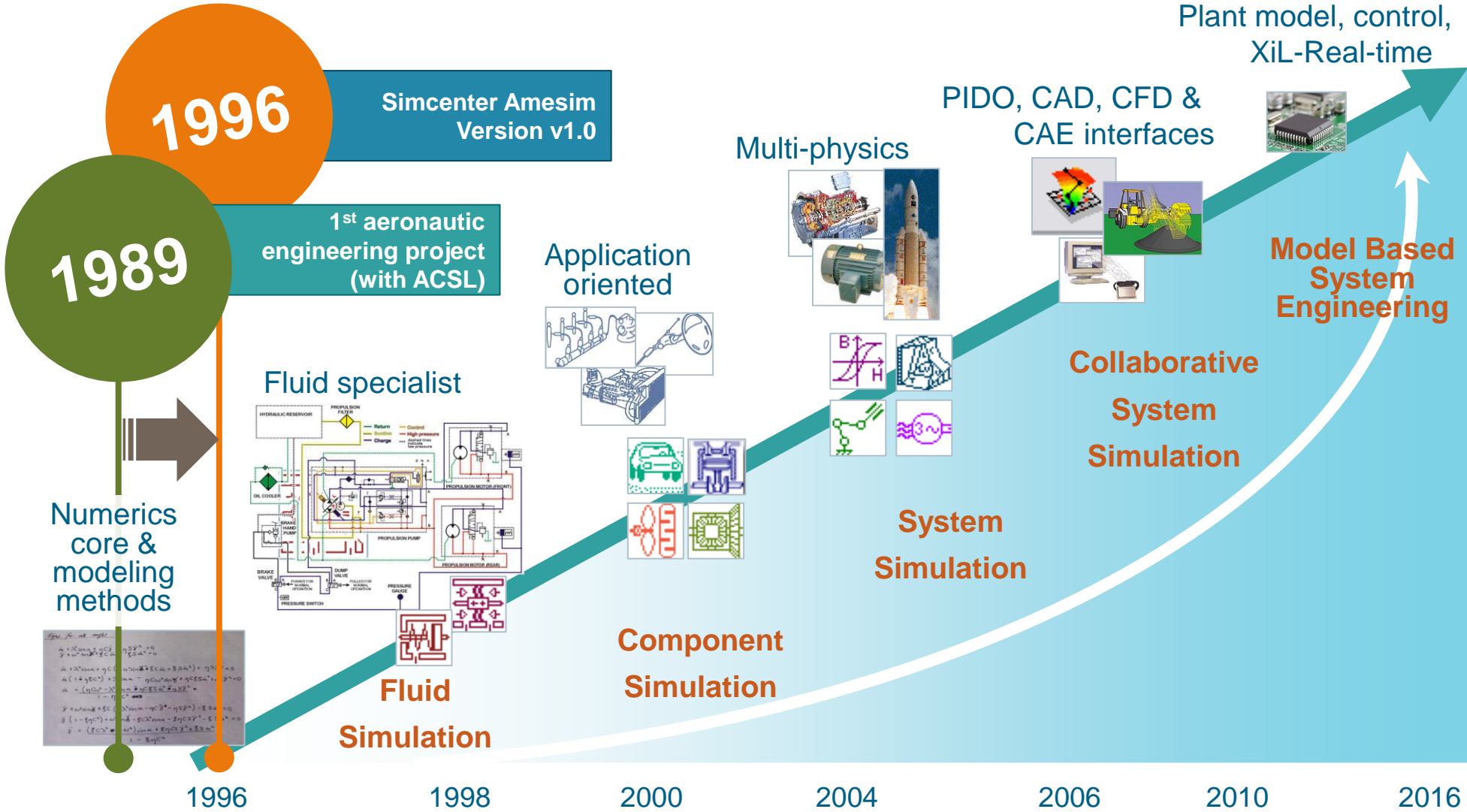
- Catch up directly information about solving slow-down without any additional analysis
- Visualize easily which components of your system are the limiting ones for model speed-up
- Get numeric conditions for real-time export

Agenda:

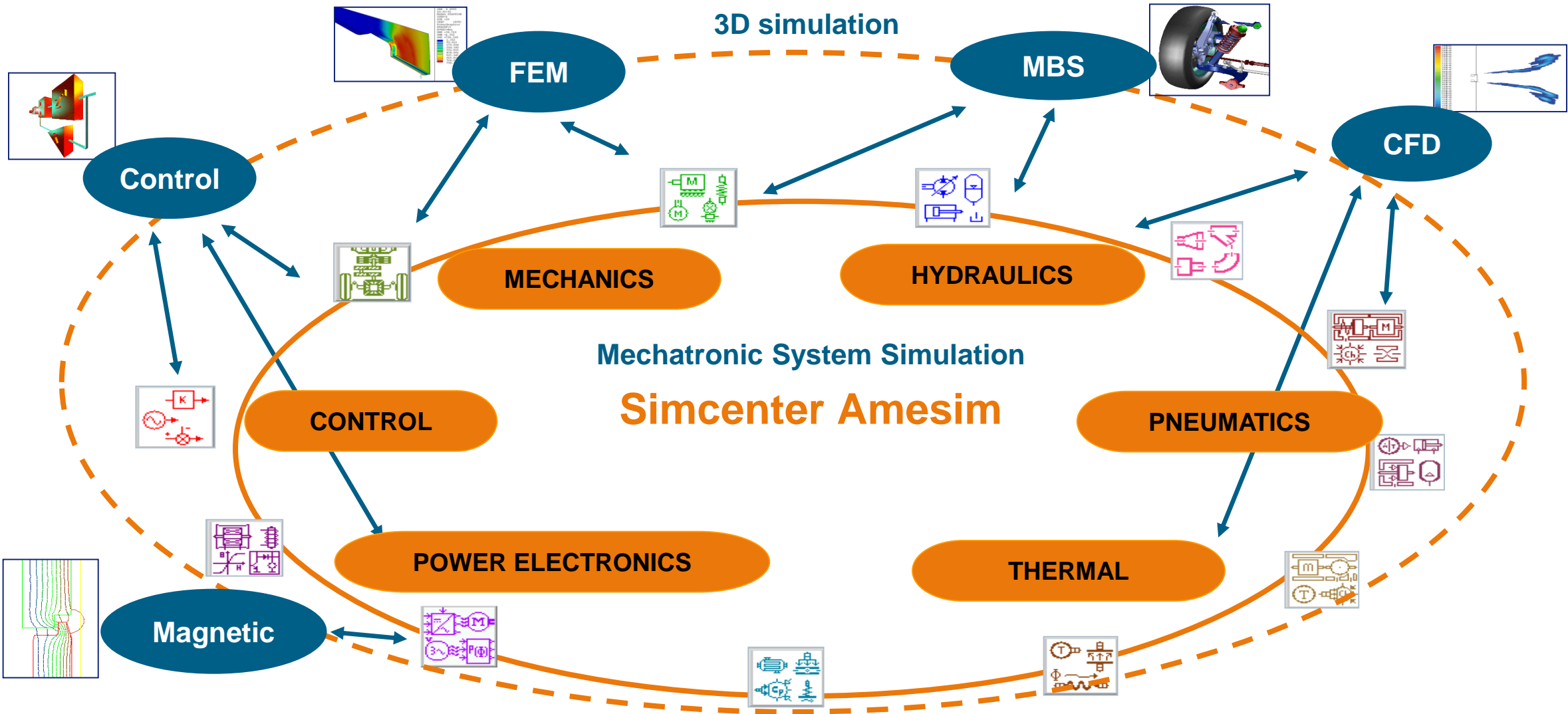
系统仿真概述
军工行业的应用概述
军工行业-液压应用
液压高级应用
总结

Simcenter Amesim history

30 years experience in mechatronic simulation



Opening and Coupling with CAE world



Thank you

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